

RISE WITH EDUCATION Sion(W), Mumbai _ 400022

Program: B.Sc. Course: BOTANY Syllabus for F.Y.B.Sc. To be implemented from 2018-2019

(Credit Based Semester and Grading System with effect from the academic year 2018-2019)

PREAMBLE

The existing university syllabus of F.Y.B.Sc. Botany due for revision as per the CBSGS pattern and will be implemented from the academic year 2018-2019 under autonomy.

In the revised autonomous syllabus, the committee has taken utmost care to maintain the continuity in the flow of information at F.Y.B.Sc level. Hence, some of the modules of the existing university syllabus have been upgraded with the new modules in order to make the learners aware about the recent developments in various branches of Botany (like Thallophyta, Spermatophyta, Genetics, Cytology, Plant physiology, Environmental botany, Medicinal botany, etc.). Various interdisciplinary courses such as Biostatistics & Bioinstrumentation are also introduced to make the students at par with the updated tools and techniques.

Two papers of theory and practicals (Semester - I & Semester-II together) are compulsory for the students.

Each theory period shall be of 48 minutes duration. Theory component shall have 180 instructional periods. Each practical will be of 3 periods of 48 minutes each.

MODALITY OF ASSESSMENT:

Theory Examination Pattern

A) Internal Assessment – 40M

(20M Class Test + 15M Assignment/Case study/ ppt. + 05 Class participation)

B) External examination – 60M (Semester End Theory Assessment)

- i. Duration These examinations shall be of two hours duration.
- ii. Theory question paper pattern: attached herewith.

Practical Examination Pattern:

- A. Internal Examination: There will not be any internal examination/ evaluation for practicals.
- B. External (Semester end practical examination).

The students are required to present a duly certified journal for appearing at the practical examination, failing which they will not be allowed to appear for the examination. In case of loss of Journal and/ or Report, a Lost Certificate should be obtained from Head of the Department/ Co-ordinator of the department; failing which the student will not be allowed to appear for the practical examination.

Course Grand **PAPER I PAPER II** Total Internal External Total Internal **External** Total 100 100 200 Theory 40 60 40 60 **Practicals** 50 50 50 50 100 --

Overall Examination and Marks Distribution Pattern for Semester I

Overall Examination and Marks Distribution Pattern for Semester II

Course	PAPER I			PAPER II			Grand Total
	Internal	External	Total	Internal	External	Total	
Theory	40	60	100	40	60	100	200
Practicals	-	50	50	-	50	50	100

SIES COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE AND COMMERECE, SION (W) – AUTONOMOUS STATUS DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY – F.Y. B.Sc. SYLLABUS (2018-19)

DISTRIBUTION OF TOPICS AND CREDITS

Course	Nomenclature	Credits	Topics
			1. Algae
SIUSBOT11	Plant diversity I	02	2. Fungi & Lichens
310300111	Flant diversity I	02	3. Bryophyta &
			Pteridophyta
			1. Cell Biology
SIUSBOT12	Form and function I	02	2. Ecology
510500112	Form and function f		3. Genetics &
			Biometry
SIUSBOTP11	Plant Diversity I (Practical I)	01	Practicals based on
SIUSBOTP12	Form and Function I (Practical II)	01	Theory Topics

F Y B Sc. BOTANY SEMESTER I

F Y B Sc. BOTANY SEMESTER II

Course	Nomenclature	Credits	Topics
			1. Gymnosperms
SIUSBOT21	Plant diversity 1	02	2. Angiosperms
			3. Systematic Botany
			1. Anatomy
SIUSBOT22	Form and function I	02	2. Physiology
510500122		02	3. Medicinal Botany
			& Horticulture
SIUSBOTP21 SIUSBOTP22	Plant Diversity I (Practical I) Form and Function I (Practical II)	01 01	Practicals based on Theory Topics

SEMESTER-I Course: PLANT DIVERSITY-I

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

The students will be able to-

- Differentiate between various groups of cryptogams. Understand the morphology, structure and importance of the lower plants.
- ◆ Learn the economic importance of Algae, Fungi, Lichens and Bryophyte.

CIA – Class Test (20M) + Assignment/ Case Study/ Presentation (15M) + Class Participation (5M)

	Semester I SIUSBOT11	L	Cr.
	Paper I - Plant Diversity 1	45	02
U	NIT I –ALGAE	15	
1	General characters of Chlorophyta: Range of thallus; types of Chloroplast.		
2	Structure, life cycle and systematic position of <i>Nostoc</i> and <i>Spirogyra</i> .		
3	Algae in biotechnology:		
	i) Algae- as Biofertilizers, Food &Nutraceuticals, Biofuel, Medicines.		
	ii) Phytochemicals, Secondary metabolites from algae & use of algae in industry.		
UN	NIT II - FUNGI AND LICHENS	15	
1	General characters of Phycomycetes: Occurrence; hyphal structure; modes of		
	nutrition, reproduction; alternation of generations.		
2	Structure, life cycle and systematic position of <i>Rhizopus</i> .		
3	Applications of Fungi: in industry, agriculture & medicines.		
4	Lichens: Classification, Internal structure of thallus, Reproduction &		
	fructification, Ecological significance & Economic importance.		
U	NIT III - BRYOPHYTA & PTERIDOPHYTA	15	
1	General characters of Hepaticae: Occurrence, thallus structure, vegetative		
	reproduction, sexual reproduction, sporophyte structure, alternation of		
	generation.		
	Structure, life cycle and systematic position of <i>Riccia</i> .		
2	Structure, life cycle, systematic position and alternation of generations in		
	Nephrolepis. Types of Stele found in Pteridophytes.		

	Semester I SIUSBOTP11	L	Cr
	Practical Paper I – Plant Diversity 1	30	1
1	Study of stages in the life cycle of <i>Nostoc</i> from fresh/ preserved material		
	and permanent slides.		
2	Study of stages in the life cycle of <i>Spirogyra</i> from fresh/ preserved material		
	and permanent slides.		
3	Economic importance of algae: Spirulina (Nutraceutical), Ulva (Biofuel),		
	Ascophyllum (Alginates), Gelidium (Agar)		
4	Study of chloroplast in chlorophyta		
5	Study of range of thallus in chlorophyta		
6	Study of stages in the life cycle of <i>Rhizopus</i> from fresh/ preserved material		
	and permanent slides.		
7	Study of Lichens: Morphological types, Internal structure of thallus.		
8	Economic importance of Fungi: Mushroom, Yeast, Wood rotting fungi,		
	Mycorrhiza (AMF).		
9	Study of stages in the life cycle of <i>Riccia</i> from fresh/ preserved materials		
	and permanent slides.		
10	Study of stages in the life cycle of <i>Nephrolepis</i> : Mounting of ramentum,		
	hydathode, T.S. of rachis, T.S. of pinna of <i>Nephrolepis</i> passing through sorus, prothallus and sex organs.		
11	Types of stele found in pteridophytes with the help of permanent slides:		
	Protostele: Haplostele, Actinostele, Plectostele, Mixed.		
	Siphonostele: Ectophloic, Amphiphloic, Solenostele: Dictyostele.		

SEMESTER-I Course: Form and Function I

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

The students will be able to

- Understand the Structure and functions of various cell organelles of plants.
- Learn the basic concepts in Ecosystem and understand the meaning of Biodiversity.
- Understand the genic interactions and learn the basic methods of Biometry.

CIA – Class Test (20M) + Assignment/ Case Study/ Presentation (15M) + Class Participation (5M)

	Semester I SIUSBOT12	L	Cr.
	Paper II – Form and Function I	45	02
UN	IIT I - CELL BIOLOGY	15	
1	General structure of plant cell: Cell wall, Plasma membrane (fluid		
	mosaic model)		
2	Ultrastructure and functions of the following cell organelles:		
	Chloroplast & Endoplasmic reticulum.		
3	Ultrastructure of eukaryotic nucleus, chromosomes. Mitosis in plant		
	cell.		
UN	IT II - ECOLOGY	15	
1.	Energy pyramids, energy flow in an ecosystem.		
2.	Types of ecosystems: aquatic and terrestrial.		
3.	Biodiversity- definition, significance and major hotspots in India.		
UN	IT III - GENETICS AND BIOMETRY	15	
1	Interaction of genes:-interaction between alleles; interaction		
	involving two pair of genes: epistatic and non-epistatic interactions.		
2	Multiple alleles.	1	
3	Biometry: Mean, Median, Mode and Standard deviation		

	PRACTICAL PAPER II SIUSBOTP12	L	Cr
	FORM AND FUNCTION I		
		30	1
1	Study of various stages of mitosis in root tip cells (Allium)		
2	Study of Karyotypes: Human – Normal male and normal female		
3	Study of Karyotypes: Allium cepa.		
4	Identification of parts of cell and cell organelles with the help of		
	photomicrographs: Plasma membrane, Chloroplast, Endoplasmic		
	reticulum, Eukaryotic nucleus.		
5	Identification of plants adapted to different environmental conditions:		
	Hydrophytes: Free floating (<i>Pistia</i> / <i>Eichornia</i>); Rooted floating (<i>Nymphaea</i>);		
	Submerged (<i>Hydrilla</i>), Mesophytes (any common plant); Hygrophytes		
	(<i>Typha/Cyperus</i>), Xerophytes: Succulent (<i>Opuntia</i>); Woody Xerophyte (<i>Nerium</i>);		
	Halophyte (<i>Avicennia</i> pneumatophore).		
6	Study of biodiversity hot spots in India.		
7	Study of ABO blood groups and Genetics problems on multiple alleles		
8	Frequency distribution, graphical representation of data: frequency		
	polygon, histogram, pie chart.		
9	Calculation of mean, median and mode.		
10	Calculation of standard deviation.		

SEMESTER-II Course: Plant Diversity I

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

The students will be able to understand-

- Study life cycle and economic importance of gymnospermic plants.
- Study morphology of leaf and inflorescence and acquire knowledge about wonders of plants.
- Learn systematic botany by studying different families.

CIA – Class Test (20M) + Assignment/ Case Study/ Presentation (15M) + Class Participation (5M)

		Hrs	Cr.
	Paper I - Plant Diversity I	45	02
	UNIT II - GYMNOSPERMS	15	
1	Structure, life cycle, systematic position and alternation of generations		
	in Cycas		
2	Affinities of gymnosperms with pteridophytes and angiosperms		
3	Economic importance of Gymnosperms		
	UNIT II - ANGIOSPERMS: MORPHOLOGY & WONDERS OF PLANTS	15	
1	Morphology of leaf: simple leaf, types of compound leaves, phyllotaxy,		
	types of stipules, leaf apex, leaf margin, leaf shapes, venation.		
	Modifications of leaf: spine, tendril, hooks, phyllode,		
2	Inflorescence: Racemose: simple raceme, spike, catkin, spadix, panicle.		
	Cymose: monochasial, dichasial, polychasial. Compound: corymb,		
	umbel, capitulum		
	Special Types: Cyathium, Verticellaster, Hypanthodium.		
3	Wonders of plants: Rafflesia, Victorea regia, carnivorous plants-		
	pitcher, Venus Flytrap, <i>Dionea</i> . Sundew, Bladderwort, <i>Adansonia</i> ,		
	<i>Sequoia</i> , Strangler Fig, plant mimicry – orchids.		
	Unit III – SYSTEMATIC BOTANY		
1.	Systems of classification: natural (Bentham & Hooker), artificial		
	(Linnaeus) & phylogenetic (Hutchinson).		
2	Study of following families: Anonnaceae, Cruciferae, Malvaceae,		
	Solanaceae, Euphorbiaceae, Amaryllidaceae.		

	Semester II SIUSBOTP21	L	Cr
	PRACTICAL Paper I – Plant Diversity I	30	01
1	Study of stages in the life cycle of Cycas: T.S of leaflet (Cycas pinna - section		
	cutting), coralloid root, microsporophyll, microspore, Megasporophyll, Ovule		
	(Specimens or slides to be shown).		
2	Economic importance of Gymnosperms: <i>Pinus</i> (turpentine, wood, seeds)		
3	Leaf morphology : As per theory		
4	Types of inflorescence: As per theory		
5	Study of Family: Anonnaceae, Cruciferae.		
6	Study of Family: Malvaceae, Solanaceae.		
7	Study of Family: Euphorbiaceae, Amaryllidaceae.		
8	Wonders of plants: Carnivorous plants- Pitcher, Venus Flytrap, Dionea. Sundew,		
	Bladderwort & Plant mimicry – orchids		

SEMESTER-II Course: Form and Function I

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

The students will be able to understand:

- Learn basic types of plant tissues & anatomy of stem, root & leaves.
- Study various enzymes, their mode of actions and basics photosynthesis in plants.
- Understand basic horticulture & applications of Aromatherapy.

CIA – Class Test (20M) + Assignment/ Case Study/ Presentation (15M) + Class Participation (5M)

	Semester II SIUSBOT22	L	Cr.
	Paper II – Form and Function I	45	02
UN	IIT I - ANATOMY	15	
1	Simple tissues - Parenchyma, Collenchyma, Sclerenchyma.		
	Complex tissues – Xylem and Phloem.		
2	Cell Inclusions – Starch, protein, Calcium oxalate and calcium		
	carbonate crystals		
3	Primary structure of dicot and monocot root, stem and leaf.		
UN	IIT II - PHYSIOLOGY	15	
1.	Enzymes: Nomenclature, Classification, Properties, lock & key theory		
	& induced fit theory of enzyme action.		
2.	Photosynthesis: light reaction- photolysis of water,		
	photophosphorylation: cyclic, noncyclic. Dark reaction- C_3 cycle, C_4		
	cycle & CAM.		
UN	IIT III - MEDICINAL BOTANY AND HORTICULTURE	15	
1	Applications of Aromatherapy: Sandal wood oil, Lavender oil,		
	Geranium oil		
2	Herbal cosmetics in skin and hair care.		
3	Introduction to Horticulture and various Garden locations: Fence,		
	Avenue, Hedge, Edge, Lawn, Arches and Pergolas.		

	Semester II SIUSBOTP22	L	Cr.
	PRACTICAL Paper II – Forms & Function I	30	01
1	Primary structure of dicot and monocot root.		
2	Primary structure of dicot and monocot stem.		
3	Primary structure of dicot and monocot leaf.		
4	Study of cell inclusions: Starch grains, Aleurone layer, Raphides,		
	Sphaeraphides, Cystolith.		
5	Test for tannins		
6	Change in colour because of change in pH: Anthocyanin: black		
	grapes/Purple cabbage		
7	Effect of variation in substrate concentration on Amylase activity.		
8	Applications of Aromatherapy: Sandal wood oil, Lavender oil,		
	Geranium oil		
9	Plants used in skin care herbal cosmetics.		
10	Plants used in hair care herbal cosmetics.		
11	Study of different garden locations and suitable plants: Avenue, Hedge,		
	Edge, Lawn, Arches and Pergolas and Fence. (As per theory).		

LIST OF REFERENCE BOOKS

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- Chamberlain C.J. Gymnosperms (1935): Structure And Function.
- Chapman V.J. (1941). An Introduction to the Study of Algae. New York Macmillan Cambridge at the University Press
- Chopra G.L. (1976). A Textbook of Fungi. S.Nagin Publ. 13th Ed.
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- Gardner E. J., Simmons M.J. and Snustad D.P. (2002). Principles of Genetics. Wiley and Sons Publ.
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- Kokate C.K., Purohit A.P., Gokhale S.B.; Pharmacognosy; (2007); Nirali Prakashan Publ.
- Powar C. B. (2010). Cell Biology. Himalaya Publishing House.
- Rao Manibhushan K.; Textbook of Horticulture; (2005), 2nd Ed; Macmillan India Ltd.
- Roy P.; Plant Anatomy; (2010); 2nd Edition; New Central Book Agency Pvt. Ltd.
- Sambamurty A.V.S.S., (2005). Taxonomy of Angiosperms., I.K. International Pvt. Ltd.
- Sharma O.P. (1992). Textbook of Fungi. Tata McGraw Hill Publ.
- Smith G. M. (1955). Cryptogamic Botany Vol I and II by Mcgraw Hill Publications
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- Vashishta B.R. (2005). Botany for Degree students Bryophyta & Pteridophyta. S. Chand and Co. Publ.
- Vashishta B.R. (2010). Botany for Degree students. S. Chand publ.
- Vashishta B.R. and Singh V.P. (2010). Botany for Degree students. S. Chand publ.
- Vasishtha P. C., (1974). Taxonomy of Angiosperms., R.Chand Publ.
- Verma P.S., Agarwal V.K. (2000) Principles of Ecology. S.Chand Publ.

First/Second Semester

Class: F.Y.B.Sc		5	Sub: Botany	Paper: I/II
Day:	E	Date:	Time:	Marks: 60
N.B.:	1)	All ques	tions are Compulsory.	

2) Figures to the right indicate marks.

3) Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.

Q.1	a)	Unit I: Long answer question	(10)
		OR	
	a)	Unit I: Long answer question	
	b)	Unit I: Short answer question	(05)
		OR	
	b)	Unit I: Short answer question	
Q.2	a)	Unit II: Long answer question	(10)
		OR	
	a)	Unit II: Long answer question	
	L)		(05)
	b)	Unit II: Short answer question OR	(05)
	b)	Unit II: Short answer question	
	5)		
Q.3	a)	Unit III: Long answer question	(10)
		OR	
	a)	Unit III: Long answer question	
	b)	Unit III: Short answer question	(05)
		OR	
	b)	Unit III: Short answer question	
Q. 4		Write notes on the following:	(15)
	i)	Unit I OR	
	i)	Unit I	
	ii)	Unit II	
		OR	
	ii)	Unit II	
	iii)	Unit III	
		One	
	iii)	Unit III	
L	<i>j</i>		

Practical Examination Paper Pattern for Practical I & II

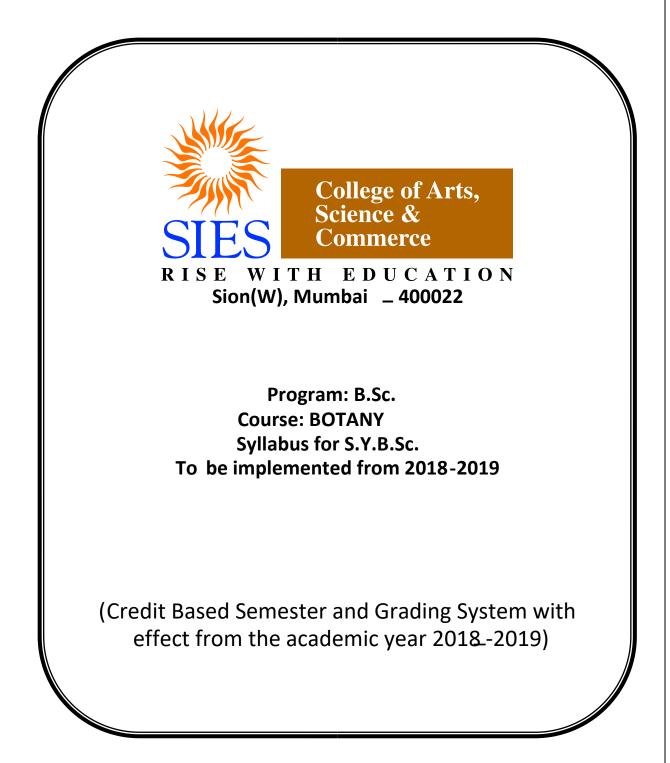
(50 marks per semester)

	SEMESTER I						
TIME: 2	2 HRS 15MIN	PRACTICAL I	MAR	KS: 50			
	ALGAE, FUNGI, LICHEN	S, BRYOPHYTES AND PTER	IDOPHYTES				
Q. 1	Identify, classify and describe th	ne specimens A, B, C and D. Sk	etch & label the parts	(24)			
	observed.						
Q. 2	Identify and give economic imp	•	nd F.	(04)			
Q. 3	Identify and describe specimen	s/slides G, H, I and J.		(12)			
Q. 4	Journal			(05)			
Q. 5	Viva-voce			(05)			
	Key:						
	• A: Algae (Nostoc/ Spirog	gyra)					
	• B: Fungi (<i>Rhizopus</i>)						
	• C: Bryophyte (Riccia)						
	• D: Pteridophyte (Nephi	rolepis – Leaflet or Rachis)					
	• E: Economic importance	e of Algae					
	• F: Economic importance	e of Fungi					
	• G: Type of Chloroplast in	n Chlorophyta					
	• H: Range of Thallus in A	lgae					
	• I: Lichen						
	• J: Types of stele						

 / standard deviation from the given specimen A. > Frequency Distribution & Graph > Mean, Median, Mode > Standard Deviation Q.2 Prepare a squash of the given root 'B' to show various stages of mitosis. Draw neat labelled diagrams of all the four stages of mitosis. Q.3 Analyze the given karyotype 'C' and comment upon it. Q.4 Identify and comment upon the highlighted biodiversity hot spots in Indian Map 'D'. Q.5 Identify the blood group A, B or O from the given sample 'E' OR Solve the given genetic problem 'E'. Q.6 Identify and describe specimens / slides / photomicrograph F, G and H. Q.7 Journal Key: A:Biometry - Frequency distribution & graphical representation / Mean, median, mode / Standard deviation B:Mitosis - Hydrolyzed Onion root C: Karyotype analysis - Allium cepa. D: Biodiversity Hotspots in Indian map E: Blood sample interaction photo / Genetic problem F: Photomicrograph of any one cell organelle (Plasma membrane/Chloroplast/Mitochondria/Eukaryotic Nucleus) G: Hydrophyte(Eichonria/Nymphaea/Hydrilla) / Xerophyte (Opuntia / Nerium) / Mesophyte (Vinca) / Halophyte (Avicennia) /Hygrophyte (Typha / Cyperus) 						
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 G: Hydrophyte(Eichornia/Nymphaea/Hydrilla) / Xerophyte (Opuntia / Nerium) / Mesophyte (Vinca) / Halophyte (Avicennia) /Hygrophyte (Typha / Cyperus) 		ma	micrograph of	• F: I		
Nerium) / Mesophyte (Vinca) / Halophyte (Avicennia) /Hygrophyte (Typha / Cyperus)		ucleus)	e/Chloroplast	me		
(Typha / Cyperus)		r ophyte (Opuntia /	phyte(Eichorn	• G:]		
		nia) /Hygrophyte	/ Mesophyte	Nei		
			Cyperus)	(Ту		
H:Idiogram study – Normal male / Normal female			ım study – Nori	• H:I		

SEMESTER II						
TIME: 2	HRS 15MIN PRACTICAL I MAR	KS: 50				
	GYMNOSPERMS, ANGIOSPERMS AND SYSTEMATIC BOTANY					
Q. 1	Identify, classify, describe, sketch and label specimen A.	(08)				
Q. 2	Classify specimen B up to their families giving reasons. Give the floral formula.					
	Sketch labelled diagrams of L.S of flower and T.S of ovary.					
Q. 3	Identify and give economic importance of the specimen C.	(04)				
Q. 4	Identify and describe slides/specimens/photomicrograph D, E, F, G and H.	(15)				
Q. 5	Field Report	(05)				
Q. 6	Journal	(05)				
Q. 7	Viva-voce	(05)				
	Key:					
	• A: Cycas: Pinna					
	B: Systematic Botany: Annonaceae/ Cruciferae/Malvaceae/ Solanaceae/					
	Euphorbiaceae/Amarylidaceae.					
	• C: Economic importance of <i>Pinus</i>					
	D: Cycas: Coralloid roots/ Microsporophylls/ Microspore/					
	Megasporophylls/ L.S. of Ovule					
	• E: Leaf morphology					
	• F: Inflorescence morphology					
	• G: Wonders of plants					
	• H: Wonders of plants					

	SEMES	STER II			
TIME: 2	2 HRS 15MIN PRA	CTICAL II	MARI	KS: 50	
	ANATOMY, PHYSIOLOGY, MEDICI	NAL BOTANY A	ND HORTICUTURE		
Q. 1	Make a temporary stained preparation of diagram and describe its internal structu	•	n A. Sketch a labelled	(06)	
Q. 2	-				
Q. 3	Perform the physiology experiment D. Girchart. Record the observations and result	-	ents, principle and flow	(08)	
Q. 4	4 Perform two positive chemical tests to detect the presence of tannins in specimen E				
Q. 5	Identify and give uses of specimens F, G and H.				
Q. 5	Give the botanical name and common nan garden locations I, J and K.	me of two plant	s suitable for the given	(06)	
Q. 6	Journal			(05)	
Q. 7	Viva-voce			(05)	
	 Key: A: Dicot Root (Gram Seed) /Dicot Monocot stem (maize) / Dicot leaf B: Starch (Potato/Rice) /Protein C: Raphides (<i>Pistia</i>) / Sphaeraph D: Physiology Experiment - Effe Amylase activity E: Test for Tannins F: Aromatherapy oils G: Plants used in Skin care H: Plants used in Hair care I, J and K: Garden locations -Aven Pergolas / Fence 	(Sunflower leaf s (Maize) ides (<i>Opuntia</i>) ct of pH on colo)/ Moncot leaf (Maize leaf). / Cystoliths (<i>Ficus</i>) ur of Anthocyanin /		



PREAMBLE

The existing university syllabus of S.Y.B.Sc. Botany due for revision as per the CBSGS pattern will be implemented from the academic year 2018 -2019 under autonomy.

Keeping in tune with the revised autonomous syllabus of F.Y.B.Sc. the committee has taken utmost care to maintain the continuity in the flow of information of higher level at S.Y.B.Sc. Hence some of the modules of the existing university S.Y.B.Sc. syllabus have been upgraded with the new modules in order to make the learners aware about the recent developments in various branches of Botany (like Thallophyta, Spermatophyta, Genetics, Molecular Biology, Plant physiology, Biochemistry, Environmental Botany, Medicinal Botany, etc.). Various interdisciplinary courses such as Biostatistics, Bioinformatics, Biotechnology & Bioinstrumentation are also introduced to make the students at par with the updated tools and techniques.

Three papers of theory and practicals (Semester-III & Semester-IV together) are compulsory for the students.

Each theory period shall be of 48 minutes duration. Theory component shall have 135 instructional periods per semester. Each practical will be of 3 periods of 48 minutes each.

MODALITY OF ASSESSMENT:

Theory Examination Pattern

A) Internal Assessment – 40M

(20M Class Test + 15M Assignment/Case study/ ppt. + 05 Class participation)

B) External examination – 60M (Semester End Theory Assessment)

- i. Duration These examinations shall be of two hours duration.
- ii. Theory question paper pattern: attached herewith.

Practical Examination Pattern:

- A. Internal Examination: There will not be any internal examination/ evaluation for practicals.
- B. External (Semester end practical examination)

The students are required to present a duly certified journal for appearing at the practical examination, failing which they will not be allowed to appear for the examination. In case of loss of Journal and/ or Report, a Lost Certificate should be obtained from Head of the Department/ Co-ordinator of the department; failing which the student will not be allowed to appear for the practical examination.

Overall Examination and Marks Distribution Pattern for Semester III

Course	PAPER I			P	PAPER II		PAPER III			Grand Total
	Internal	External	Total	Internal	External	Total	Internal	External	Total	
Theory	40	60	100	40	60	100	40	60	100	300
Practicals	-	50	50	-	50	50	-	50	50	150

Overall Examination and Marks Distribution Pattern for Semester IV

Course	PAPER I			Р	PAPER II		PAPER III			Grand Total
	Internal	External	Total	Internal	External	Total	Internal	External	Total	
Theory	40	60	100	40	60	100	40	60	100	300
Practicals	-	50	50	-	50	50	-	50	50	150

SIES COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE AND COMMERECE, SION (W) – AUTONOMOUS STATUS DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY – S.Y. B.Sc. SYLLABUS (2018-19)

	TER III Paper I THEORY	Cara ditta
Course Code	Title	Credits
SIUSBOT31	Plant Diversity II	2 (45 lects.)
LEARNING OBJECTIVES		
The students will be able to-		
	their general characters, structure, life c	ycle &
economic importance.	1 1	C
angiosperms.	y, general characteristics and importance	10 9
 Learn the Techniques used to stude 		
CIA – Class Test (20M) + Assignment/ Case	Study/ Presentation (15M) + Class Participa	tion (5M)
Unit I : Thallophyta (Algae) & Bryo	nhvta	15 L
• Structure, life cycle and systematic p		
 General Characters of Division Phae 		
range of thallus, Economic Importan	- ·	
• Structure, life cycle and systematic p		
 General Account of Class Anthocero 		
 Structure, life cycle and systematic p 		
• Structure, me cycle and systematic p	osition of Annoceros.	
Unit II: Angiosperms		15 L
Morphology of Flowering Plants		
• Flower Morphology : Parts of a flower		
• Thalamus, insertion of floral leave		
• • • • •	es and modifications, Corolla – forms;	
Aestivation, The Perianth;	m north of the andreastion. Norther	
	m parts of the androecium, Number on of stamens; Types of Corona.	
	ad stigma; Union of Carpel; ovary-	
placentation, types of ovules.	a sugina, chien er carper, evary	
With the help of Bentham and Hool	cer's system of Classification for	
flowering plants study the vegetativ	•	
importance of the following families:		
Magnoliaceae		
• Leguminosae (Papilionaceae, Cae	esalpinae, Mimosae)	
• Asteraceae		
• Amaranthaceae		
• Palmae		

SEMESTER III Paper I THEORY

Unit III :Modern Techniques to Study Plant Diversity15				
• Preservation methods: Dry (Herbarium) and Wet (Fixation)				
 Microscopy – Principle and working of Light and Electron 				
microscope.				
• Chromatography – Principles and techniques in paper and thin				
layer chromatography.				
• Principles and techniques of Horizontal and Vertical gel				
electrophoresis.				

Semester III SIUSBOTP31 Practical Paper I – Plant Diversity II CR1

Algae & Bryophyta

1. Study of stages in the life cycle of *Volvox* from fresh/ preserved material and permanent slides.

2. Study of stages in the life cycle of *Sargassum* from fresh/ preserved material and permanent slides.

3. Economic importance and range of thallus in Phaeophyta

4. Study of stages in the life cycle of *Anthoceros* from fresh/ preserved material and permanent slides.

Angiosperms

- 5. Study of Floral Morphology part I
- 6. Study of Floral Morphology part II
- 7. Study of one plant from Magnoliaceae, Papilionaceae,
- 8. Study of one plant from Caesalpinae, Mimosae,
- 9. Study of one plant from Asteraceae
- 10. Study of one plant from Amaranthaceae , Palmae

Techniques to study Plant Diversity

11. Preparation of herbarium and wet preservation technique

- 12. Chromatography: Separation of amino by circular paper chromatography
- 13. Separation of Carotenoids by thin layer chromatography
- 14. Horizontal and Vertical Gel Electrophoresis Demonstration

Semester III Paper II Theory

SIUSBOT32 FORM LEARNING OBJECTIVES The students will be able to- Understand the Structure and functions of vacycle and cell division. Learn various mechanisms of sex determinated Study the modes of replication and protein set (20M) + Assignment/ Case Study/ Press 	tion and related mechanisms. ynthesis. esentation (15M) + Class Participation (5	
 The students will be able to- Understand the Structure and functions of vacycle and cell division. Learn various mechanisms of sex determinat Study the modes of replication and protein system 	tion and related mechanisms. ynthesis. esentation (15M) + Class Participation (5	5M)
 cycle and cell division. Learn various mechanisms of sex determinat Study the modes of replication and protein system 	tion and related mechanisms. ynthesis. esentation (15M) + Class Participation (5	5M)
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 Study the modes of replication and protein system 	ynthesis. esentation (15M) + Class Participation (5	,
	esentation (15M) + Class Participation (5	,
	esentation (15M) + Class Participation (5	
		15 T
 Unit I : Cell Biology Ultra Structure and functions of the following cell or 	rganelles: Mitochondrion (membranes)	13 L
cristae, F_1 particles and matrix), Peroxisomes and G eukaryotic and subunits)		
 Cell Division and its significance Cell Cycle, structure of Interphase Nucleus (introduct network, nucleolus and nucleoplasm). 	tion to nuclear envelop, chromatin	
• Meiosis, Differences between Mitosis and Meiosis		
• Nucleic Acids: Types, structure and functions of DNA	A and RNA	
Unit II : Cytogenetics		15 L
• Variation in Chromosome structure (Chromoson Definition, Origin, Cytological and Genetic Effects of	-	
Deletions, Duplications, Inversions and Translocation	ons.	
• Sex determination, Sex linked, sex influenced and		
Sex determination- Chromosomal Methods: hetero	•	
females. Sex determination in monoecious and dioec sex determination in Drosophila, Lyon's Hypothesis	-	
• Sex linked- eye colour in Drosophila, Haemophilia,		
Sex influenced- baldness in man Eviterenueleen Constitute Organelle heredity, a Chlore	nonlast determines have dity. Diastid	
• Extranuclear Genetics Organelle heredity- o Chlor transmission in plants, Streptomycin resistance in <i>Ca</i>	· ·	
Unit III : Molecular Biology		15 L
• DNA replication : Modes of Replication, Meselson a		
replication in prokaryotes and eukaryotes - enzym of replication.	nes involved and molecular mechanism	
• Protein Synthesis : Central dogma of Protein synthes eukaryotes: promoter sites, initiation, elongation and		
• RNA processing: Adenylation & Capping.		

	Semester III SIUSBOTP32 Practical Paper II – Forms & Functions II CR1
Cell	l Biology
1	Study of the ultra-structure of cell organelles prescribed for theory from Photomicrographs
2	Estimation of DNA from plant material (one Std & one Unknown, No Std Graph)
3	Estimation of RNA from plant material (one Std & one Unknown, No Std Graph)
Cyt	ogenetics
4	Study of Sex linked inheritance (eye colour in <i>Drosophila</i> , Haemophilia, colour blindness)
	& Sex influenced characters (baldness in man, Hypertrichosis)
5	Study of inheritance pattern with reference to Plastid Inheritance
6	Study of cytological consequences of chromosomal aberrations (Laggards, Chromosomal
	Bridge, Ring chromosome, Chromosomal ring) from permanent slides or photomicrographs.
7	Study of meiosis from suitable plant material
Mo	lecular Biology
8	DNA sequencing- Sanger's method
9	Determining the sequence of amino acids in the protein molecule synthesized from the given m-
	RNA strand (prokaryotic and eukaryotic)

Semester III Paper III Theory

Course Code	Title	Credit
		S
SIUSBOT33	CURRENT TRENDS IN PLANT SCIENCES I	2 (45
		Lects.)
LEARNING OBJECTIVES		
The students will be able to und	erstand-	
 Learn the basics of Pha 	armacognosy and various secondary metabolites found in pla	nts.
 Study different types of 	of forests in India and their economic importance.	
 Understand applicatio 	ns of Aromatherapy & nutraceuticals.	
CIA – Class Test (20M) + Assign	ment/ Case Study/ Presentation (15M) + Class Participation (5M)	
Unit1: Pharmacognosy and	Phytochemistry	15 L
Introduction to pharmaco		
-	dian Herbal Pharmacopoeia & Ayurvedic Pharmacopoeia	
Study of Monograph from		
• Secondary Metabolites: a	lkaloids, glycosides, saponins, phenolics- Sources, properties,	
uses.		
	ca, Polyalthia longifolia; Terminalia arjuna, Terminalia	
tomentosa; Centella asia	tica, Bacopa monnieri; Glycyrrhiza glabra, Abrus precatorius.	
Unit 2: Forestry and Economic	Botany	15 L
• Forestry:	Douily	15 12
 Types of forest in India 		
 Agro-forestry and Urban 	forestry	
	ition, Concept, objectives, methods and future scope	
> Silviculture		
Trends in forest manager	nent and utilization	
 Economic Botany: Classification of Fibres		
	of Commercial Fibres: Cotton, Jute and Coir	
	of Commercially important Spices and condiments: Nutmeg,	
Cardamom and Saffron	si commerciarly important spices and continients. Futility,	
• Commercial market of spices		
Unit 3: Industry based on plan	-	15 L
• Aromatherapy- Introduction,		
• Jojoba, Geranium, Lavender,		
• Botanical and nutraceuticals <i>Chlorella</i> and <i>Kale</i> .	- Spirulina, Vanillin, Garcinia indica/ Garcinia cambogia,	
 Enzymes industry: Cellulases 	Panain Bromelain	
Biofuels.	, i apain, Diomotain	
D1010010.		

Semester III SIUSBOTP33 Practical Paper III – Current Trends In Plant Sciences I CR1

- Study of Saraca indica, Polyalthia longifolia Terminalia arjuna, Terminalia tomentosa, Centella asiatica, Bacopa monnieri, Glycyrrhiza glabra, Abrus precatorius.
- 2. Test for alkaloids, glycosides, saponins, phenolics
- 3. Study of Types of forest in India
- 4. Sources, Properties & uses of: Fibres (Cotton, Jute and Coir),
- 5. Sources, Properties & uses of: Spices & condiments (Nutmeg, Cardamom and Saffron
- 6. Preparation of herbal cosmetics (Face pack& herbal shampoo)
- 7. TLC of Jojoba/ Geranium/ Lavender/ Patchouli oil
- 8. Study of Botanical and nutraceuticals *Spirulina, Vanillin, Garcinia indica/ Garcinia cambogia, Chlorella* and *Kale*.
- 9. Evaluation of nutraceutical value of mushroom/ wheat germ/ Moringa

SEMESTER IV Paper I THEORY

Course Code	Title	Credits
SIUSBOT41	Plant Diversity	2 (45 Lects.)
 LEARNING OBJECTIVES The students will be able to- Study different Funging pathogenicity. Understand the basic Learn the Gymnospen importance. CIA - Class Test (20M) + Assignment Unit I : Thallophyta: Fungi, General characters of Asconstructure, life cycle and sy <i>Xylaria</i> Structure, life cycle and sy <i>Xylaria</i> 	w.r.t. their general characters, structure, life features of Pteridophyta and Paleobotany. ns w.r.t. their distribution, life cycle & econor nt/ Case Study/ Presentation (15M) + Class Parti Plant Pathology omycetae & Basidiomycetae stematic position of <i>Aspergillus</i> and stematic position of <i>Agaricus</i>	cycle & nic
 Plant Pathology- Symptoms, causative organism, disease cycle and control measures of Powdery mildew and Late blight of potato. Unit II: Pteridophyta and Paleobotany - Salient features and classification up to orders (with examples of each) of Psilophyta and Lepidophyta (G M Smith's system of classification to be followed) Structure, life cycle and systematic position of <i>Selaginella</i> Paleobotany- The geological time scale; Formation and types of fossils; Structure and systematic position of form genus <i>Rhynia</i> 		15 L
 Unit III : Gymnosperms Salient features, classification up to orders (with examples of each) and economic importance of Coniferophyta (Chamberlain's system of classification to be followed) Structure life cycle and systematic position of <i>Pinus</i> Structure and systematic position of the form genus <i>Cordaites</i> 		15 L

Semester IV SIUSBOTP41 Practical Paper I – Plant Diversity II CR1

Fungi and Plant Pathology

1 Study of stages in the life cycle of *Aspergillus* from fresh/ preserved material and permanent slides.

2 Study of stages in the life cycle of *Xylaria* from fresh/ preserved material and permanent slides.

3 Study of stages in the life cycle of *Agaricus* from fresh/ preserved material and permanent slides.

4 Study of fungal diseases as prescribed for theory.

Pteridophyta and Palaeobotany

5 Study of stages in the life cycle of *Selaginella* from fresh/ preserved material and permanent slides.

6 Study of form genera *Rhynia* with the help of permanent slides/ photomicrographs.

Gymnosperms

7- Study of stages in the life cycle of *Pinus* from fresh/ preserved material and permanent slides.

8- Study of the form genus *Cordaites* with the help of permanent slide/ photomicrographs.

SEMESTER IV Paper II THEORY

Course Code	Title	Credits
SIUSBOT42	Plant Diversity	2 (45 lects)
LEARNING OBJECTIVES		
The students will be able to-		
 Understand the mechanical till 	ssue and secondary growth in plants.	
 Learn various processes invol 	ved in respiration and basic reproduct	tive biology
in plants.		
 Study the different biogeoche 	mical cycle and various ecological fact	ors.
CIA – Class Test (20M) + Assignment/ Case Study/ Presentation (15M) + Class Participation (5M)		
 Unit I : Anatomy Normal Secondary Growth in Dicotyledonous stem and root. Growth rings, periderm, lenticels, tyloses, heart wood and sap wood. Mechanical Tissue system-Tissues providing mechanical strength and support and their principle& distribution in plant body, I-girders in aerial and underground organs Types of Vascular Bundles. Unit II : Plant Physiology and Plant Biochemistry Respiration: Aerobic: Glycolysis, TCA Cycle, ETS & Energetic of respiration; Anaerobic respiration. Photorespiration Photoperiodism: Phytochrome Response and Vernalization with 		15 L 15 L
 reference to flowering in higher pl of phytochrome, Pr-Pfr interconve flowering of SDPs and LDPs; Vernalization mechanisms and a 	rsion, role of phytochrome in	
 Unit III : Ecology and Environmen Biogeochemical Cycles- Carbon, I Ecological factors: Concept of envedaphic factor, Soil composition, to profile. Community ecology- Characters of characters and qualitative characters 	Nitrogen and Water. vironmental factors. Soil as an types of soil, soil formation, soil of community - Quantitative	15 L

Semester IV SIUSBOTP42 Practical Paper II – Forms & Functions CR1

Anatomy		
1	Study of normal secondary growth in the stem and root of a	
	Dicotyledonous plant	
2	Types of mechanical tissues, mechanical tissue system in aerial,	
	underground organs.	
3	Study of conducting tissues- Xylem and phloem elements in Gymnosperms	
	and Angiosperms through maceration technique.	
4	Study of different types of vascular bundles.	
Plant Physiology and Plant Biochemistry		
5	Q ₁₀ – germinating seeds using Phenol red indicator	
6	NR activity – <i>in-vivo</i>	
7	Estimation of proteins by Lowry's method (Prepare standard graph).	
Ecology and Environmental Botany		
8	Study of the working of the following Ecological Instruments- Soil	
	thermometer, Soil testing kit, Soil pH, Wind anemometer.	
9	Mechanical analysis of soil by the sieve method & pH of soil.	
10	Quantitative estimation of organic matter of the soil by Walkley and Blacks	
	Rapid titration method.	
11	Study of vegetation by the list quadrat method	

Course Code Title Credits **CURRENT TRENDS IN PLANT SCIENCES I** 2 (45 lects) SIUSBOT43 **LEARNING OBJECTIVES** The students will be able to understand-Learn the basics of indoor gardening and various national parks and botanical garden. Introduction to plant tissue culture and r-DNA technology. Understand applications of biostatistics & bioinformatics. CIA – Class Test (20M) + Assignment/ Case Study/ Presentation (15M) + Class Participation (5M) 15 L **Unit I : Horticulture and Gardening Introduction to Horticulture: Branches of Horticulture** Bonsai, dish garden & terrarium • • **Types of garden** -Formal and informal gardens • National Park: Sanjay Gandhi National Park. Botanical Garden: Veer Mata Jijabai Udyan (Victoria Garden). • • Flower arrangements: Bouquets, gajra, veni, garland, Floral rangoli. 15 L **Unit II : Biotechnology** Introduction to plant tissue culture Laboratory organization and techniques in plant tissue culture • Totipotency • Organogenesis Organ culture - root cultures, meristem cultures, anther and pollen culture, embryo culture. r-DNA technology-• Gene cloning Enzymes involved in Gene cloning • Vectors used for Gene cloning. **Unit III : Biostatistics and Bioinformatics** 15 L **Biostatistics:** The chi square test. Correlation – Calculation of • coefficient of correlation. **Bioinformatics:** Information technology: History and tools of IT, Internet and its uses. Introduction to Bioinformatics- goal, need, scope and limitation, Aims of Bioinformatics: Data organization, Tools of Bioinformatics- tools for web search, Data retrieval tools- Entrez, BLAST, Bioinformatics programme in India.

SEMESTER IV Paper III THEORY

Semester IV SIUSBOTP43 Practical Paper III – Current Trends In Plant Sciences I CR1

Horticulture

1 Study of Indian style Flower arrangements: Bouquets, gajra, veni, garland, Floral rangoli.

2 Preparation of garden plans – formal and informal gardens

3 Bottle and dish garden preparation.

Biotechnology

- 4 Various sterilization techniques
- 5 Preparation of Stock solutions, Preparation of MS medium.
- 6 Seed sterilization, callus induction
- 7 Regeneration of plantlet from callus.
- 8 Identification of the cloning vectors pBR322, pUC 18, Ti plasmid.

Biostatistics and Bioinformatics

9 Chi square test

10 Calculation of coefficient of correlation

11 Web Search – Google, Entrez.

12 BLAST

Three/Fourth Semester Sub: Botany

Time:

Paper: I/II/III Marks: 60

N.B.:

Class: S.Y.B.Sc

Day:

All questions are Compulsory.
 Figures to the right indicate marks.

Date:

3) Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.

Q.1	a)	Unit I: Long answer question	(10)
- `		OR	
	a)	Unit I: Long answer question	(10)
	b)	Unit I: Short answer question	(05)
		OR	
	b)	Unit I: Short answer question	(05)
Q.2	a)	Unit I: Long answer question	(10)
		OR	
	a)	Unit I: Long answer question	(10)
	b)	Unit I: Short answer question	(05)
		OR	
	b)	Unit I: Short answer question	(05)
Q.3	a)	Unit I: Long answer question	(10)
Qiu	u)	OR	
	a)	Unit I: Long answer question	(10)
	b)	Unit I: Short answer question	(05)
	IJ	One OR	(03)
	b)	Unit I: Short answer question	(05)
Q. 4		Write notes on the following:	(15)
	i)	Unit I	
		OR	
	i)	Unit I	
	ii)	Unit II	
		OR	
	ii)	Unit II	
	iii)	Unit III	
		OR	
	iii)	Unit III	

Ma

SIES COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE S.Y.B.Sc. BOTANY SEMESTER III PRACTICAL I

Duration: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 50

Q. 1 Identify, classify and describe specimen A and B. Sketch neat and labeled diagrams of		
morphological/microscopical structures seen in the specimens.		
Q. 2 Classify specimen 'C' up to its family giving reasons. Give floral formula. Sketch and label		
L.S. of flower and T.S. ovary.	10M	
Q. 3 Separate amino acids by circular paper chromatography		
OR		
Separate Carotenoids by thin layer chromatography.		
Q. 4 Identify and describe slide/ specimen 'D' 'E', 'F' & 'G'	12M	
Q. 5 Viva - voce	05M	
Q. 6 Field Book	05M	

Key -

- A- Algae
- B -Bryophyta
- C- Angiosperms
- D Algae/ Bryophyta
- E & F Flower morphology
- G Horizontal / Vertical Gel Electrophoresis Unit

SIES COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE S.Y.B.Sc. BOTANY SEMESTER III PRACTICAL II

Duration: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 50

Q. 1 Make a squash or smear preparation of specimen A. Draw & comment on your observations & show		
the slides to the examiners.	10 M	
Q. 2. Estimate DNA / RNA from the given sample B .	10 M	

Q. 3. Determine the sequence of bases in a DNA strand by Sanger's method from the given data C. 10 M.

OR

Determine the sequence of Amino acids in the polypeptide synthesized from the given mRNA strand **C**.

Q. 4 Identify and describe slide/ specimen 'D", 'E', & 'F'.	15M
Q. 5 Journal	05M

Key –

- A Mitosis/ Meiosis
- B Germinating seeds or Onion
- C- DNA/ mRNA sequence
- **D-** Cell organelles
- E- Plastid inheritance
- F- Chromosomal aberrations.

SIES COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE S.Y.B.Sc. BOTANY SEMESTER III PRACTICAL III

Duration: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 50

Q. 1 Describe microscopic & macroscopic characters of Specimen A.	10M
Q. 2 Prepare face pack / herbal shampoo & comment upon the role of the ingredients used.	08M
Q. 3 Estimate nutraceutical value of protein from given sample B.	08M
Q. 4. Perform the TLC of given oil sample C.	08M
Q.5 Perform the test for& from Specimen D & E.	08M
Q. 6. Identify and describe slide/specimen 'F' & 'G'	08M

Key –

A: Drug & adulterant

B: Nutraceuticals

C: Jojoba/ Geranium/ Lavender/ Patchouli oil

D &E: alkaloids, glycosides, saponins, phenolics

F: Fibres

G: Spices & condiments

SIES COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE S.Y.B.Sc. BOTANY SEMESTER IV PLANT DIVERSITY III PRACTICAL I

Duration: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 50

Q. 1 Identify, classify and describe specimens A and B. Sketch neat and labeled diagrams of	
morphological/microscopical structures seen in the specimens.	12 M
Q. 2. Identify, classify and describe specimen C. Sketch neat and labeled diagrams of morph	ological/
microscopical structures seen in the specimen.	08 M
Q.3 Identify, classify and describe specimen D . Sketch neat and labeled diagrams of morpho	ological/
microscopical structures seen in the specimen.	08 M
Q. 4. Identify and describe slides/specimens E, F, G & H.	12M
Q. 5. Journal.	05M
Q. 6. Field report	05M

Key-

A & B- Fungi

C - Pteridophyte

D - Gymnosperm

E - Plant pathology

F- Rhynia

G - Pinus

H - Cordaites

SIES COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE S.Y.B.Sc. BOTANY SEMESTER IV PRACTICAL II

Duration: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 50

Q.1. Make a temporary stained preparation of T.S. of specimen A and comment on the secondary growth / Mechanical tissues observed. 10M

OR

Macerate the given material A to expose the wood elements & comment upon it.	10M
Q.2.Perform the Major Physiological/ Ecological experiment \mathbf{B} allotted to you.	15M
Q.3. Perform the Minor Physiological/ Ecological experiment C allotted to you.	10M
Q.4. Identify and describe the specimen/ slide/ photograph - D, E and F.	09M
Q.5. Viva - Voce.	06M

KEY:

 A. – Dicot stem/ dicot root / monocot stem/ mechanical Tissue (*Coleus* stem, *Typha* leaf, Maize stem and Maize root /*Annona / Magnolia* for maceration).

- D. Vascular bundles
- E. Tyloses/ heart wood / sapwood/ growth rings/ periderm/ lenticels.
- F. Ecological Instrument.

SIES COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE S.Y.B.Sc. BOTANY SEMESTER IV PRACTICAL III

Duration: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 50

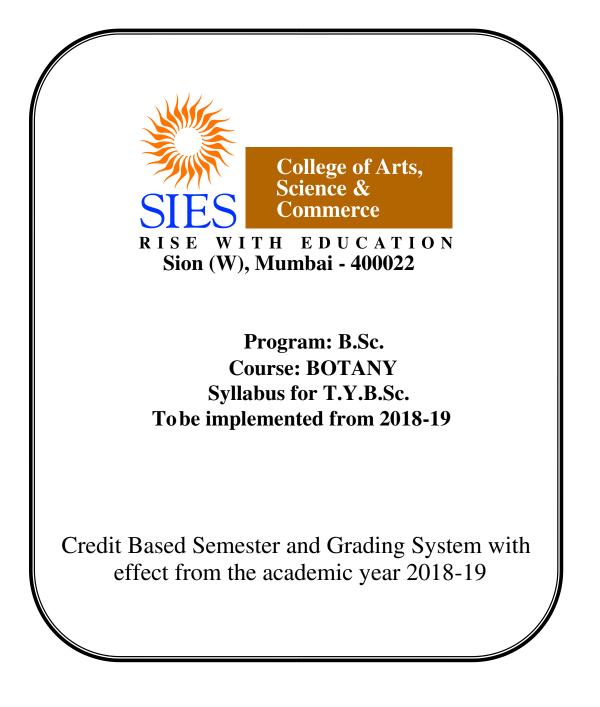
	Q. 1. Prepare a garden plan A. Mention any 3 garden locations with suitable plants.	10M
	Q. 2. Perform seed sterilization technique B .	08M
	Q.3. a) Perform chi-square test/ coefficient of correlation using data C & analyze the result.	10M
	b) Perform the experiment D related to web search.	06M
(Q. 4. Identify and describe slides/specimens E, F, G and H.	12M
(Q. 5 Biodiversity Report	04M

Key-

A: Garden plan
B: Moong / Mustard seeds
E: Bottle/ dish garden
F: Cloning vector
G & H: Garden plants

LIST OF REFERENCE BOOKS

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- Westhead D., French A, Hodgman C. (2009). Instant Notes on Bioinformatics. Taylor Francis Publications.



PREAMBLE

The existing university syllabus of T.Y.B.Sc. Botany for revision as per the CBSGS pattern will be implemented from the academic year 2018-2019 under autonomy.

In the revised autonomous syllabus, the committee has taken utmost care to maintain the continuity in the flow of information at T.Y.B.Sc. level. Hence, some of the modules of the existing university syllabus have been upgraded with the new modules in order to introduce the learners to the recent developments in various branches of Botany. All the papers of theory and practicals (Semester - V & Semester - VI together) are compulsory for the students according to their specialization.

Each theory period shall be of 48 minutes duration. Theory component shall have 240 instructional periods per semester. Each practical will be of 4 periods of 48 minutes each.

MODALITY OF ASSESSMENT: Theory Examination Pattern

A) Internal Assessment – 40M

(20M Class Test + 15M Assignment/Case study/ ppt. + 05 Class participation)

B) External examination – 60M (Semester End Theory Assessment)

- i. Duration These examinations shall be of two and half hours duration.
- ii. Theory question paper pattern: attached herewith.

Practical Examination Pattern:

- A. Internal Examination: There will not be any internal examination/ evaluation for practicals.
- B. External (Semester end practical examination)

The students are required to present a duly certified journal for appearing at the practical examination, failing which they will not be allowed to appear for the examination. In case of loss of Journal and/ or Report, a Lost Certificate should be obtained from Head of the Department/ Co-ordinator of the department; failing which the student will not be allowed to appear for the practical examination.

	Overan Examination and Marks Distribution rattern for Semester V												
Course	P	APER I		P	APER II		P	APER III	[PAPE	R IV		Grand Total
	Internal	External	Total	Internal	External	Total	Internal	External	Total	Internal	External	Total	
Theory	40	60	100	40	60	100	40	60	100	40	60	100	400
Practicals	-	50	50	-	50	50	-	50	50	-	50	50	200

Overall Examination and Marks Distribution Pattern for Semester V

Course	P	PAPER I		P	APER II		P	APER III	[PAPE	R IV		Grand Total
	Internal	External	Total										
Theory	40	60	100	40	60	100	40	60	100	40	60	100	400
Practicals	-	50	50	-	50	50	-	50	50	-	50	50	200

Overall Examination and Marks Distribution Pattern for Semester VI

T.Y.B.Sc. Botany Syllabus (Restructured for Credit Based and Grading System) To be implemented from the Academic year 2018-2019 SEMESTER V

		SEMESTER V		
Course Code	UNIT	TOPICS	Credit	L / Weeks
SIUSBOT51	PLAN	Γ DIVERSITY III		
	Ι	Microbiology		1
	II	Algae	2.5	1
	III	Fungi		1
	IV	Plant Pathology		1
SIUSBOTP52	PLAN	Γ DIVERSITY IV		
	Ι	Paleobotany		1
	II	Angiosperms I	2.5	1
	III	Anatomy I		1
	IV	Palynology		1
SIUSBOT53	FORM	AND FUNCTION III		
	Ι	Cytology and Molecular biology		1
	II	Physiology I	2.5	1
	III	Environmental Botany		1
	IV	Plant tissue culture		1
SIUSBOTP54	CURR	ENT TRENDS IN PLANT		
	SCIEN	CES II		
	Ι	Ethnobotany and Mushroom		1
		Industry	2.5	
	II	Biotechnology I		1
	III	Instrumentation		1
	IV	Pharmacognosy and medicinal		1
		botany		
SIUSBOTP51	Practic	als based on all the four courses in		
SIUSBOTP52	theory		6	16
SIUSBOTP53				
SIUSBOTP54				

SEMESTER VI

Course Code	UNIT	UNIT TOPICS		L / Weeks
SIUSBOT61	PLANT	DIVERSITY III		
	Ι	Bryophyta	2.5	1
	II	Pteridophyta		1
	III	Bryophyta and Pteridophyta:		1
		Applied aspects		
	IV	Gymnosperms		1
SIUSBOTP62	PLANT I	DIVERSITY IV		
	Ι	Angiosperms II	2.5	1
	II	Anatomy II		1
	III	Embryology		1
	IV	Biostatistics		1
SIUSBOT63	FORM A	ND FUNCTION III		
	Ι	Plant Biochemistry	2.5	1
	II	Physiology II		1
	III	Genetics		1
	IV	Bioinformatics		1
SIUSBOTP64	CURREN	NT TRENDS IN PLANT		
	SCIENC	ES II		
	Ι	Plant biotechnology II	2.5	1
	II	Plant Geography		1
	III	Economic Botany		1
	IV	Post-harvest Technology		1
SIUSBOTP61	Practical	s based on all the four courses in	6	16
SIUSBOTP62	theory			
SIUSBOTP63				
SIUSBOTP64				

SEMESTER V THEORY

Course Code	Title	Credits
SIUSBOT51		2.5 Credits
LEARNING OB,	PLANT DIVERSITTY III	(60 lectures)
The students will		
	ent types of microbes. Culturing & fermentation techniqu	les.
•	the morphology, general characteristics and economic im	
fungi.		portanee or argue and
-	fferent plant diseases w.r.t. symptoms & control measure	s.
	(20M) + Assignment/ Case Study/ Presentation (15M) + (
		-
<u>Unit I: Microbiol</u>		
• Types of N		
Culturing:Pure cultur	Sterilization, media, staining, colony characters	(15 lectures)
• Role of mi	crobes in fermentation: Alcohol and Antibiotics	
Unit II: Algae		
	<u>Rhodophyta</u>	
-	tion and General Characters: Distribution, Cell	
structure,	pigments, reserve food, range of thallus, reproduction:	
asexual a	nd sexual, Alternation of Generations, Economic	
Importance		
	life cycle and systematic position of <i>Polysiphonia</i> ,	
Batrachos	*	
	tion and General Characters of <u>Xanthophyta</u> :	
	on, Cell structure, pigments, reserve food, range of	(15 lectures)
	eproduction: asexual and sexual, Alternation of ns, Economic Importance.	
	life cycle and systematic position of <i>Vaucheria</i>	
	tion and General Characters of <u>Bacillariophyta</u> :	
	on, Cell structure, pigments, reserve food, range of	
	eproduction: asexual and sexual, Alternation of	
	ns, Economic Importance.	
	life cycle and systematic position of <i>Pinnularia</i>	
<u>Unit III: Fungi</u>		
	ycetes: Classification and General characters	
-	of Agaricus	(15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (15), (
•	of Puccinia	(15 lectures)
	ycetae: Classification and General Characters	
• Life cycle	of Alternaria	
Unit IV: Plant P	athology	
• Study of pl	ant diseases: Causative organism, symptoms,	
predisposii	ng factors, disease cycle and control measures of	
the followi	ng.	
 Whit 	e Rust – Albugo sp.	
	a disease of ground nut – <i>Cercospora</i>	(15 lasturas)
	ping off disease – Pythium	(15 lectures)
	s canker – <i>Xanthomonas</i> sp.	
	curl – leaf curl virus	
	hysical, chemical and biological control methods of	
-	ses.	1

Course Code	Title	Credits
SIUSBOT52	PLANT DIVERSITTY III	2.5 (60 lectures)
LEARNING OB,	JECTIVES	
The students will		
•	nt fossils & contribution of Birbal Sahni in the field of Paleob	•
	ne morphology of fruits & general characteristics and economi	c importance of
angiosperms.		
	ferent aspects of plant anatomy & palynology.	
CIA – Class Test	(20M) + Assignment/ Case Study/ Presentation (15M) + Class	s Participation (5M)
Unit I : Paleobo	tany	
	s – All form genera Stem, leaf, male and female	
fructificat	tion	
Lepidode	ndron-All form genera root, stem, bark, leaf, male and	
female fro	actification	
	eris – All form genera root, stem, leaf, male and female	(15 lectures)
fructificat		
•	pn - All form genera	
	ion of Birbal Sahni, Birbal Sahni Institute of Paleobotany,	
Lucknow		
Unit II : Angios	perms I	
Morpholog		
	classification of Bentham and Hooker (only for	
1	families), Merits and demerits	
• Bentham a	nd Hooker's system of classification for flowering plants	
	ly with respect to the following prescribed families and	
-	and medicinal importance for members of the families	
	pparidaceae	(15 lectures)
	ibelliferae	
	curbitaceae	
	biaceae	
	anaceae	
	mmelinaceae	
	aminae	
0 01		
Unit III : Anato	<u>my</u>	
Anomalou	s secondary growth in the Stems of Bignonia, Salvadora,	
Achyranth	es, Aristolochia, Dracaena. Storage roots of Beet, Radish	
• Root stem		(15 lectures)
• 1	tomata – Anomocytic, Anisocytic, Diacytic, Paracytic, and	
Graminace	eous	
Unit IV : Palyno	blogy	
	orphology	
	ability – storage	
	ion and growth of pollen	(15 lectures)
	on of Palynology in honey industry, coal and oil exploration,	
	bgy and pollen allergies, forensic science	

Course Code	Title	Credits
SIUSBOT53	FORM AND FUNCTIONS- II	2.5 (60 lects.)
and translat Understand Learn the di	-	succession.
 Structure a Structure a Structure a The genetic 	And Molecular Biology and function of nucleus and function of vacuole and function of giant chromosomes c code: Characteristics of the genetic code ion and Translation in Eukaryotes	(15 lectures)
 Solute trar passive tra Translocat experimen 	ations: Potential, osmosis, transpiration, imbibition, asport: Transport of ions across cell membranes, active and ansport, carriers, channels and pumps. ion of solutes: Composition of phloem sap, girdling t, pressure flow model, phloem loading and unloading, f sieve tube elements, mechanisms of sieve tube translocation,	(15 lectures)
 population Phytorem Plant succession 	iation: Principles, factors responsible and microbial in bioremediation. ediation: Metals, Organic pollutants cession: Hydrosere and Xerosere – Formation of barren space, i on the land citing different seres leading up to the climax, i in water, ecesis, poly and monoclimax theories	(15 lectures)
 Orchid cul Plant cell s metabolite Somatic en various metabolite 	ns of micropropagation in Floriculture and detailed study of	(15 lectures)

Course Code	Title	Credits
SIUSBOT54	CURRENT TRENDS IN PLANT SCIENCES I	2.5 (60 lects)
LEARNING OI		
The students wil		
•	construction of DNA libraries and analysis of genes.	
	rstand the basic principles & methods of ethanobotany and medicinal	botany.
	a Colorimetry and Spectrophotometry.	
CIA – Class Tes	t (20M) + Assignment/ Case Study/ Presentation (15M) + Class Parti	cipation (5M)
	otany And Mushroom Industry	
	tany - Definition, history, sources of data and methods of study.	
	ions of Ethnobotany: 1) Ethnomedicines 2) Agriculture 3) Famine	
-	ants 4) Toxic plants and Antidotes.	
	nal medicines as used by tribals in Maharashtra towards	
,	lments: Rubia cordifolia, Sandalwood	
	ailments : Phyllanthus , Andrographis	(15 lectures)
	nd healing and ageing: <i>Centella, Typha, Terminalia, Tridax</i>	(13 lectures)
	r : Vitex negundo, Tinospora cordifolia leaves	
	tes: <i>Momordica charantia</i> , <i>Syzygium cuminii</i> om industry: Commercial production of the mushrooms -	
	s, Agaricus and Volvariella with respect to composting, spawning,	
	arvesting, picking and packaging, nutritional value and economic	
importan		
1		
Unit II: Biotech	nology I	
	tion of genomic DNA libraries, Chromosome libraries and c-DNA	
libraries.		
	ation of specific cloned sequences in cDNA libraries and Genomic	
libraries		(15 lectures)
•	of genes and gene transcripts – Restriction enzyme, analysis of	
	NA sequences.	
• Hybridiza	ation (Southern Hybridization)	
U nit III: Instru		
	etry and Spectrophotometry (Visible, UV and IR) - Instrumentation,	
-	principle and applications.	
	ography: General account of Column chromatography. Principle and	(15 lectures)
-	material involved in adsorption and partition chromatography, ion	
exchange	e chromatography, molecular sieve chromatography.	
J nit IV: Pharm	acognosy And Medicinal Botany	
-	phs of drugs with reference to biological sources, geographical	
	on, common varieties, macro and microscopic characters, chemical	
	nts, therapeutic uses, adulterants –	
	trychnos seeds,	
	enna leaves,	(15 lectures)
	love buds,	
• A	llium sativum,	
	corus calamus and	1
• A	'urcuma longa	

SEMESTER V PRACTICAL

PRACTICAL Paper I – PLANT DIVERSITY III SIUSBOTP51	Cr. 1.5
Microbiology	
• Study of aeromicrobiota by petriplate exposed method Fungal culture;	
Bacterial culture	
• Determination of Minimum Inhibitory Concentration (MIC) of sucrose	
against selected micro organism	
Study of antimicrobial activity by the disc diffusion method Algae	
Study of stages in the life cycle of the following Algae from fresh / preserved	
material and permanent slides	
Polysiphonia	
Batrachospermum	
Vaucheria	
• Pinnularia	
Fungi	
Study of stages in the life cycle of the following Fungi from fresh / preserved material and	
permanent slides	
• Agaricus	
Puccinia	
Alternaria	
Plant Pathology Study of the following fungal diseases:	
White rust	
 White fust Tikka disease in Groundnut 	
 Damping off disease 	
 Citrus canker 	
Leaf curl	
Paleobotany	
Study of the following form genera with the help of permanent slides/ photomicrographs.	
Calamites	
Lepidodendron	
• Lyginopteris	
Pentoxylon	
Angiosperms	
Morphology of fruit	
 Study of one plant from each of the following Angiosperm families 	
Capparidaceae	
Umbelliferae	
CucurbitaceaeRubiaceae	
Solanaceae	
 Solaliaceae Commelinaceae 	
 Graminae 	
 Morphological peculiarities and economic importance of the members of the above 	
mentioned Angiosperm families	
 Identifying the genus and species of a plant with the help of Flora 	
• Identifying the genus and species of a plant with the help of Flora	
Anatomy I	
Study of anomalous secondary growth in the stems using double staining technique:	
• Bignonia	
• Salvadora	
Achyranthes	
Aristolochia	
• Dracaena	

Study	of anomalous secondary growth in the roots of	
•	Beet	
•	Radish	
Types	s of Stomata	
•	Anomocytic	
•	Anisocytic	
•	Diacytic	
•	Paracytic	
•	Graminaceous	
Palyn		
•	of pollen morphology (NPC Analysis) of the following by Chitale's Method	
•	Hibiscus	
•	Datura	
•	Ocimum	
٠	Crinum	
٠	Pancratium	
•	Canna	
	nination of pollen viability	
	analysis from honey sample – unifloral and multifloral honey	
Effect	of varying concentration of sucrose on In vitro Pollen germination	
	CTICAL - Paper III FORM AND FUNCTION II SIUSBOTP53	
Cytol	ogy And Molecular Biology Mounting of Cigat shreen segmes from Chineseneous large	
•	Mounting of Giant chromosomes from Chironomous larva Smear preparation from <i>Tradescantia</i> buds	
•	Predicting the sequence of amino acids in the polypeptide chain that will be formed	
•	following translation (Eukaryotic)	
Physic		
•	Estimation of Phosphate phosphorus (Plant acid extract)	
•	Estimation of Iron (Plant acid extract)	
Envir	onmental Botany	
	ation of the following in given water sample	
٠	Dissolved oxygen demand	
٠	Biological oxygen demand	
•	Hardness	
٠	Salinity and Chlorinity	
	propogation	
Plant '	Tissue culture:	
٠	Identification – Multiple shoot culture, hairy root culture, somatic embryogenesis	
•	Preparation of stock solutions for preparation of MS medium	
(Note:	Concept of preparation of specified molar solutions should be taught and problems based	
on pre	paration of stock solutions for tissue culture media will be given).	
	CTICAL - Paper IV CURRENT TRENDS IN PLANT SCIENCES II SIUSBOTP54	
Ethno	botany And Mushroom Industry	
•	Study of plants mentioned in theory for Ethnobotany	
•	Mushroom cultivation (To be demonstrated)	
•	Identification of various stages involved in mushroom cultivation – spawn, pin head	
D! 4	stage, mature/ harvest stage of Agaricus, Pleurotus, Volvariella	
Bioteo	chnology I Crowth surve of E. coli	
•	Growth curve of E. coli Plasmid DNA isolation and Separation of DNA using ACE	
•	Plasmid DNA isolation and Separation of DNA using AGE	
•	Restriction mapping (problems), Southern blotting mentation	
Inct	Demonstration of Beer Lambert's Law	
	Demonstration of Deel Lamourt & Law	
Instru •	Experiment based on ion exchange chromotography for demonstration	
	Experiment based on ion exchange chromatography for demonstration	
	Experiment based on ion exchange chromatography for demonstration Experiment based on separation of dyes/ plant pigments using silica gel column.	

Pharmacognosy

Macroscopic/ Microscopic characters and Chemical tests for active constituents of the following plants

- Allium sativum
- Acorus calamus
- Curcuma longa
- Senna angustifolia
- Strychnos nux-vomica
- Eugenia caryophyllata

SEMESTER VI

Course Code	Title	Credits
SIUSBOT61	PLANT DIVERSITTY III	2.5 (60 Lects.)
 economic Learn the well as economic Understan CIA – Class Teonomic Unit I : Bryonomic 	ill be able to- erent bryophytes w.r.t. their morphology, general characteristics and eco importance. different pteridophytes w.r.t. their morphology, general characteristics a ponomic importance. d life cycles of few conifererophytes and their economic importance. est (20M) + Assignment/ Case Study/ Presentation (15M) + Class Partic	and ecology as
• Life cy	cle of <i>Pellia</i> cle of <i>Funaria</i>	(15 lectures)
CalamoPteroph	idophyta ohyta – Classification, general characters; Life cycle of <i>Lycopodium</i> phyta – Classification, general characters; Life cycle of <i>Equisetum</i> yta – Classification and general characters, Life cycle of <i>um</i> and <i>Marsilea</i>	(15 lectures)
 Ecology Economic Bryoph Evoluti Economic Diversi 	y of Bryophytes nic importance of Bryophytes ytes as indicators on of Sporophyte and Gametophyte nic importance of Pteridophytes ty and distribution of Indian Pteridophytes of sori and evolution of sori	(15 lectures)
Life cycLife cyc	cle of <i>Biota (Thuja</i>), Classification cle of <i>Gnetum</i> , Classification cle of <i>Ephedra</i> , Classification nic importance of Gymnosperms	(15 lectures)

Course Code	Title	Credits
SIUSBOT62	PLANT DIVERSITTY IV	2.5 (60 lects)
LEARNING OBJECTIV		
The students will be able to		ama e Maian
Botanic gardens of	neral characteristics and economic importance of angiosp	erms & Major
Ũ	aspects of ecological anatomy & embryology.	
	istical tests & their applications.	
	Assignment/ Case Study/ Presentation (15M) + Class Pa	rticipation (5M)
× ,		1
Unit I : Angiosperms II		
• •	dens of India – Indian Botanic Garden, Howrah; Nationa	վ
	Garden (NBRI) Lucknow; Lloyd Botanic Garden,	
	g; Lalbaugh or Mysore State Botanic Garden Bangalore	
•	of India and regional branches of India	
• Study of following	-	
 Combretace 		(15 lectures)
Rhamnacea		
 Asclepiadae 	ceae	
 Labiatae 		
Euphorbiac	eae	
Cannaceae		
• Hutchinson's class	ification – merits and demerits	
Unit II : Anatomy II		
Ecological anatomy		
 Hydrophytes - 	- submerged, floating, rooted	
• Hygrophytes -	Typha	
 Mesophytes 		(15 lectures)
 Sciophytes 		(15 lectures)
• Halophytes		
• Epiphytes		
Xerophytes		
Unit III : Embryology		
 Microsporogenesi 	S	
Megasporogenesis	s - Development of monosporic type, examples	
of all embryo sacs		(15 lastures)
• Types of ovules		(15 lectures)
Double fertilization	n	
• Development of e	mbryo – <i>Capsella</i>	
Unit IV : Biostatistics		
• Test of signif	icance student's <i>t</i> -test (paired and unpaired)	
Regression		(15 lectures)
ANOVA (on		

Course Code	Title	Credits
SIUSBOT63	FORM AND FUNCTION III	2.5 (60 lectures)
Study GLearn th		sorders. lata.
pectin, lipidEnzymes: N Michaelis	hemistry f biomolecules: Carbohydrates (sugars, starch, cellulose, s (fatty acids and glycerol), proteins (amino acids) fomenclature, classification, mode of action, Enzyme kinetics, Menten equation, competitive non-competitive, and ve inhibitors.	15 Lectures
and leg haer NiR activity reactions), n • Physiologica	siology II N METABOLISM: Nitrogen cycle, root nodule formation, moglobin, nitrogenase activity, assimilation of nitrates, (NR, ν), assimilation of ammonia, (amination and transamination nitrogen assimilation and carbohydrate utilisation. al effects and commercial applications of Auxins, , Cytokinins and Abscissic acid	15 Lectures
 recombinati mapping chu Gene mutati induced mut Metabolic d enzyme stru 	pping in eukaryotes: discovery of genetic linkage, gene on, construction of genetic maps, three point crosses and romosomes, problems based on the same ions: definition, types of mutations, causes of mutations, tations, the Ame's test lisorders – enzymatic and non-enzymatic: Gene control of acture Garrod's hypothesis of inborn errors of metabolism, nuria, albinism, sickle cell anaemia	15 Lectures
ExplorationProtein struct	matics n of biological data, databases of data bases, retrieval of desired data, BLAST. cture analysis and application quence analysis and phylogenetic analysis	15 Lectures

Course Code	Title	Credits	
SIUSBOT64	CURRENT TRENDS IN PLANT SCIENCES II	2.5 (60 lectures)	
LEARNING OB,	JECTIVES	1	
The students will	be able to-		
 Unders 	tand DNA sequence analysis, PCR and DNA barcoding.		
 Study of 	of Economic Botany and Post-Harvest Technology.		
 Learn l 	Biodiversity and different Phytogeographical regions of India.		
	(20M) + Assignment/ Case Study/ Presentation (15M) + Class Partic	ipation (5M)	
Unit I: Plant Biot	technology II	15 Lectures	
 DNA sequ 	ence analysis – Maxam – Gilbert Method and Sanger's method		
Polymeras	e Chain reaction		
DNA barce	oding: Basic features, nuclear genome sequence, chloroplast		
	quence, <i>rbc</i> L gene sequence, <i>mat</i> K gene sequence, present status of		
barcoding	in plants		
Unit II: Plant G	eography	15 Lectures	
Phytogeog	raphical regions of India.		
Biodiversi	ty:		
 De: 	finition, diversity of flora found in various forest types of India		
■ Eve	olution of biodiversity with one example of an evolutionary tree		
	vels of biodiversity		
-	portance and status of biodiversity		
	ss of biodiversity		
	nservation of biodiversity		
• Ger	netic diversity- Molecular characteristics		
Unit III: Econor	nic Botany	15 Lectures	
• Essential	Oils: Extraction, perfumes, perfume oils, oil of rose,		
sandalwoo	d, patchouli, champa, grass oils: Citronella, Vetiver.		
• Fatty oils	: Drying oil (linseed and soyabean oil), semidrying oils (cotton seed,		
sesame oil) and non-drying oils (olive oil and peanut oil),		
• Vegetable	Fats: Coconut and Palm oil		
	arvest Technology	15 Lectures	
	Produce - Preservation of Fruits and Vegetables		
	ehydration)- (Natural conditions – Sun drying; Artificial drying-		
Candied fr	ing, Vacuum drying, Osmotically dried fruits, Crystallized or uits, Fruit Leather, Freeze Drying)		
•	Cold air blast system , Liquid immersion method, Plate freezers, Freezing, Dehydrofreezing)		
Canning			
• Pickling (i	n brine, in vinegar, Indian pickles)		
		1	
	centrates (Jams, Jellies, Fruit juices)		

SEMESTER VI PRACTICAL

Semester VI	Cr
PRACTICAL PAPER I – PLANT DIVERSITY III SIUSBOTP61	1.5
 Bryophyta Study of stages in the life cycle of the following Bryophyta from fresh / preserved material and permanent slides Marchantia Pellia Funaria 	
Pteridophyta Study of stages in the life cycles of the following Pteridophytes from fresh / preserved material and permanent slides <i>Lycopodium Equisetum Adiantum Marsilea</i>	
 Bryophytes and Pteridophytes: Applied aspects Economic importance of Byrophyta Economic importance of Pteridophyta Types of sporophytes in Bryophyta (from Permanent slides) Types of sori and soral arrangement in Pteridophytes 	
 Gymnosperms Study of stages in the life cycles of the following Gymnosperms from fresh / preserved material and permanent slides Thuja/ Biota Gnetum Ephedra Economic importance of Gymnosperms 	
PRACTICAL PAPER II – PLANT DIVERSITY IV SIUSBOTP62	1.5
 Angiosperms Study of one plant from each of the following Angiosperm families Combretaceae Rhamnaceae Asclepiadaceae Labiatae Euphorbiaceae Cannaceae Morphological peculiarities and economic importance of the members of the above mentioned Angiosperm families Identify the genus and species with the help of flora 	
Anatomy Study of Ecological Anatomy of • Hydrophytes: Hydrilla stem, Nymphaea petiole, Eichhornia offset • Epiphytes: Orchid • Sciophytes: Peperomia leaf • Xerophytes: Nerium leaf, Opuntia phylloclade • Halophytes: Avicennia leaf and pneumatophore, Sesuvium / Sueda leaf • Mesophytes: Vinca leaf	
 Study of various stages of Microsporogenesis, Megasporogenesis and Embryo Development with the help of permanent slides / photomicrographs Mounting of Monocot (Maize) and Dicot (Castor and Gram) embryo <i>In vivo</i> growth of pollen tube in <i>Portulaca/Vinca</i> 	

Biostatistics

- *t*-test (paired and unpaired)Problems based on regression analysis

ANOVA	
PRACTICAL PAPER III – Form and function III SIUSBOTP63	1.5
Plant Biochemistry Estimation of proteins by Piurat method 	
 Estimation of proteins by Biuret method Effect of temperature on the activity of amylese 	
• Effect of temperature on the activity of amylase	
• Effect of pH on the activity of amylase	
• Effect of substrate variation on the activity of amylase	
Plant Physiology	
Determination of alpha-amino nitrogen	
• Effect of GA on seed germination	
Estimation of reducing sugars by DNSA method	
Genetics	
• Problems based on three point crosses, construction of chromosome maps	
• Identification of types of mutations from given DNA sequences	
• Study of mitosis using pre-treated root tips of <i>Allium</i>	
Bioinformatics	
BLAST: nBLAST, pBLAST	
Multiple sequence alignment	
Phylogenetic analysis	
RASMOL/ SPDBV	
	1.5
PRACTICAL PAPER IV - CURRENT TRENDS IN PLANT SCIENCES SIUSBOTP64	1.
Plant Biotechnology II	
 DNA sequencing (Sanger's Method) 	
• DNA barcoding of plant material by using suitable data	
Plant Geography	
• Study of phytogeographic regions of India	
• Preparation of vegetation map using Garmin's GPS Instrument	
 Preparation of vegetation map using Garmin's GPS Instrument Problems based on Simpson's diversity Index 	
 Preparation of vegetation map using Garmin's GPS Instrument Problems based on Simpson's diversity Index 	
 Preparation of vegetation map using Garmin's GPS Instrument Problems based on Simpson's diversity Index Economic Botany Demonstration : Extraction of essential oil using Clevenger 	
 Preparation of vegetation map using Garmin's GPS Instrument Problems based on Simpson's diversity Index 	
 Preparation of vegetation map using Garmin's GPS Instrument Problems based on Simpson's diversity Index Economic Botany Demonstration : Extraction of essential oil using Clevenger Thin layer chromatography of essential oil of patchouli and <i>Citronella</i> Saponification value of palm oil 	
 Preparation of vegetation map using Garmin's GPS Instrument Problems based on Simpson's diversity Index Economic Botany Demonstration : Extraction of essential oil using Clevenger Thin layer chromatography of essential oil of patchouli and <i>Citronella</i> Saponification value of palm oil Post-Harvest Technology	
 Preparation of vegetation map using Garmin's GPS Instrument Problems based on Simpson's diversity Index Economic Botany Demonstration : Extraction of essential oil using Clevenger Thin layer chromatography of essential oil of patchouli and <i>Citronella</i> Saponification value of palm oil Preparation of the following:	
 Preparation of vegetation map using Garmin's GPS Instrument Problems based on Simpson's diversity Index Economic Botany Demonstration : Extraction of essential oil using Clevenger Thin layer chromatography of essential oil of patchouli and <i>Citronella</i> Saponification value of palm oil Post-Harvest Technology Preparation of the following: Squash 	
 Preparation of vegetation map using Garmin's GPS Instrument Problems based on Simpson's diversity Index Economic Botany Demonstration : Extraction of essential oil using Clevenger Thin layer chromatography of essential oil of patchouli and <i>Citronella</i> Saponification value of palm oil Post-Harvest Technology Preparation of the following: Squash Jam 	
 Preparation of vegetation map using Garmin's GPS Instrument Problems based on Simpson's diversity Index Economic Botany Demonstration : Extraction of essential oil using Clevenger Thin layer chromatography of essential oil of patchouli and <i>Citronella</i> Saponification value of palm oil Preparation of the following: Squash 	

Note:

- 1. A minimum of four field excursions (with at least one beyond the limits of Mumbai) for habitat studies are compulsory. Field work of not less than eight hours duration is equivalent to one period per week for a batch of fifteen students.
- 2. A candidate will be allowed to appear for the practical examinations only if he/she submits a certified journal of TYBSc Botany and the Field Report or a certificate from the Head of the Department/Institute to the effect that the candidate has completed the practical course of TYBSc Botany as per the minimum requirements. In case of loss of journal a candidate must produce a certificate from the Head of the Department/ Institute that the practical for the academic year were completed by the student. However such a candidate will be allowed to appear for the practical examination but the marks allotted for the journal will not be granted.

SIES COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE&COMMERCE

Sion (W), Mumbai-400 022

Fifth/Sixth Semester

			1 11 (11)	Sixth Semester		
Cla	ass: [Г.Y.B.Sc	Sub: Bo	otany	Paper: I/II/III/IV	
Da	y:	Dat	te:	Time:	Marks: 60	
N.B.	.:	1)	All questions ar	e Compulsory.		
		2)	Figures to the ri	ight indicate ma	ırks.	
		3)	Draw neat label	led diagrams w	herever necessary.	
Q.1	a)	Unit I: Long answe	-	OR		(10)
	a)	Unit I: Long answe	er question			(10)
	b) i ii	Write note on <u>any</u> Unit I Unit I	<u>one</u> of the followi	ng:		(05)
Q.2	a)	Unit II: Long answ	er question	OR		(10)
	a)	Unit II: Long answ	er question			(10)
	b) i ii	Write note on <u>any</u> Unit II Unit II	<u>one</u> of the followi	ng:		(05)
Q.3	a)	Unit III: Long answ	ver question			(10)
	a)	Unit III: Long answ	ver question	OR		(10)
	b) i ii	Write note on <u>any</u> Unit III Unit III	one of the followi	ng:		(05)
Q.4	a)	Unit IV: Long answ	ver question			(10)
	a)	Unit IV: Long answ	ver question	OR		(10)
	b) i ii	Write note on <u>any</u> Unit IV Unit IV		-	***	(05)
			*****	~~~~~~	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	

SIES COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE T.Y.B.Sc. BOTANY SEMESTER V PLANT DIVERSITY III PRACTICAL I

Duration: 3 hours

Max. Marks : 50

Q.1	Perform the given Microbiological experiment A.	12M
Q.2	Identify, classify and describe specimen B , C and D . Sketch neat and labelled	24M
	diagrams of morphological/microscopical structures seen in the specimens.	
Q.3	Identify and describe slides/ specimens E, F and G.	09M
Q.4	Journal.	05M
	Key-:	
	A- Any one experiment out of four as prescribed in syllabus	
	B & C- Algae	
	D- Fungi	
	E, F & G – (Plant Pathology, Algae or Fungi not asked above) in random order	

SIES COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE T.Y.B.Sc. BOTANY SEMESTER V PLANT DIVERSITY IV PRACTICAL II

Duration: 3 hours Max. Marks : 50 Classify specimen A up to its family giving reasons. Give floral formula. Sketch and **Q.1A 10M** labelled L.S. of flower and T.S. ovary. Identify genus and species of specimen **B** using flora. Q.1B **05M** Make a temporary double stained preparation of T.S. specimen 'C' and comment on **08M Q.2** the type of secondary growth. Perform the Palynology experiment **D** allotted to you. Q.3 **07M** Identify and describe slide/ specimen E, F, G and H. **O.4 12M 05M** Field report Q.5 Viva voce (based on Paper I and Paper II). **03M** Q.6 Key: A – Familiies of T.Y.B.Sc only B – Plants from F.Y & S.Y. B. Sc Families to be included C- Anatomy- Anomalous Secondary Growth D- As per slip E, F, G & H Fossils, Types of Stomata, Morphology of Fruits - in random order

SIES COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE T.Y.B.Sc. BOTANY SEMESTER V FORMS AND FUNCTIONS III PRACTICAL III

Duration: 3 hours

Max. Marks : 50

Q.1	Make a smear preparation of material A and show the slide to the Examiner. Comment	08M		
	on your observation/ Expose the giant Chromosomes from the salivary glands of			
	Chironomous larva.			
Q.2	Perform the experiment B allotted to you (Physiology).	12M		
Q.3	Perform the experiment C allotted to you (Ecology).	12M		
Q.4	Calculate the of the given solution D to prepare the required solution	07M		
Q.5	Identify and describe slide/specimen E & F.	06M		
Q.6	Journal	05M		
	Key:			
	B: Physiology experiment			
	C: Ecology experiment			
	D: Plant tissue culture			
	E & F: Multiple shoot culture, hairy root culture, somatic embryogenesis, amino acid sequencing.			

	SIES COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE	
	T.Y.B.Sc. BOTANY SEMESTER V	
	CURRENT TRENDS IN PLANT SCIENCE II	
	PRACTICAL IV	
	Duration: 3 hours Max. Marks : 50	
Q.1	Perform the experiment \mathbf{A} – growth curve of <i>E-coli</i> / Isolate plasmid DNA and	12M
Q.1	separate using AGE.	
Q.2	Perform the experiment B allotted to you.	10M
Q.3	Describe macroscopical/microscopical character with the help of neat and labelled	14M
	sketches of specimens C and D. Perform the chemical test/ TLC to identify the active	
	constituents.	
Q.4	Identify and explain the specimens/ photographs E, F and G.	09M
Q.5	Journal	05M
	Key-	
	B – experiment based on Beer- Lambert's Law	
	Experiment on separation of dyes/pigments using silica gel column chromatography	
	C & D- Allium sativum, Acorus calamus, Curcuma longa, Senna angustifolia,	
	Strychnos nux-vomica, Eugenia caryophyllata	
	E, F & G - any stage of mushroom cultivation, any Plant from ethnobotany, problems on restriction mapping	

rks : 50 I diagrams 10M I diagrams 10M ams of 07M
l diagrams 10M l diagrams 10M
l diagrams 10M l diagrams 10M
l diagrams 10M l diagrams 10M
d diagrams 10M
d diagrams 10M
ams of 07M
ams of 07M
15M
05M
03M

SIES COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE T.Y.B.Sc. BOTANY SEMESTER VI PLANT DIVERSITY IV

	PRACTICAL II					
	Duration: 3 hours Max. Marks : 50					
Q.1						
Q.2A	Regression Analysis/ ANOVA101Classify specimen B up to its family giving reasons. Give floral formula. Sketch and labelled L.S. of flower and T.S. ovary.101					
Q.2B	Identify genus and species of specimen C using flora.	05M				
Q.3	Make a stained preparation of specimen D and comment on its ecological anatomy. 08M					
Q.4	Identify and describe slide/specimen E, F, G and H. 12M					
Q.5	Viva voce (based on Paper III and paper IV)0					
	 Key - A - Problem on Biostatistics B - Families of T.Y.B.Sc only C - Plants from F.Y., S.Y. & T.Y.B.Sc. SEM V Families to be included D - Ecological anatomy E, F, G & H [In random order], Economic importance of specimen from prescribe families (Sem VI only) & Embryology 					

SIES COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE T.Y.B.Sc. BOTANY SEMESTER VI FORMS AND FUNCTIONS III PRACTICAL III

Duration: 3 hours

Max. Marks : 50

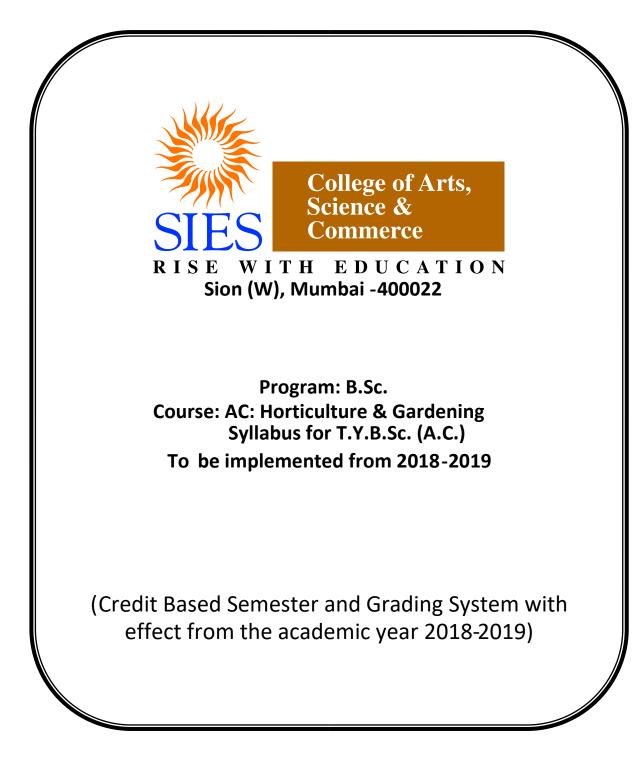
Q.1	Perform the experiment A allotted to you.	10M	
Q.2	Perform the experiment B allotted to you.	10M	
Q.3	Make a squash preparation to show the stage of mitosis from pre-treated root tips C.	06M	
Q.4	Construct a chromosome map from the given data D / Identify the type of mutation and	12M	
	comment on them (any two types of mutations).		
Q.5	Perform the given analysis of data E using computer (Bioinformatics).	07M	
Q.6	Journal.		
	Key -		
	A: Plant Biochemistry Experiment		
	B: Plant Physiology Experiment		

SIES COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE T.Y.B.Sc. BOTANY SEMESTER VI CURRENT TRENDS IN PLANT SCIENCE II PRACTICAL IV

	PRACTICAL IV		
	Duration: 3 hours Max. Marks : 50		
Q.1	Perform the DNA barcoding of plant material using given data A OR	10M	
	Perform DNA sequencing by Sanger's method of the given sequence A.		
Q.2	Calculate Simpson's Diversity Index from the given data B .	08M	
Q.3	Mark the phytogeographic region C in the map of India and	05M	
	Comment on the same.		
Q.4	Perform the experiment C allotted to you	10M	
Q.5	Prepare the squash/Jam/jelly/pickle from the given material D .	12M	
Q.6	Viva voce.	05M	
	 Key - C - TLC of Patchauli or <i>Citronella /</i> saponification value 		

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PREAMBLE

The existing university syllabus of T.Y.B.Sc. AC: Horticulture & Gardening was due for revision as per the CBSGS pattern will be implemented from the academic year 2018-2019 under autonomy.

In the revised autonomous syllabus, the committee has taken utmost care to maintain the continuity in the flow of information at T.Y.B.Sc. level. Hence, some of the modules of the existing university syllabus have been upgraded with the new modules in order to introduce the learners to the recent developments in various branches of Botany.

All the papers of theory and practicals (Semester - V & Semester - VI together) are compulsory to the students according to their specialization.

Each theory period shall be of 48 minutes duration. Theory component shall have 60 instructional periods/semester. Each practical will be of 4 periods and one period is of 48 minutes duration.

MODALITY OF ASSESSMENT:

Theory Examination Pattern

A) Internal Assessment – 40M

(20M Class Test + 15M Assignment/Case study/ ppt. + 05 Class participation)

B) External examination - 60M (Semester End Theory Assessment)

- i. Duration These examinations shall be of two and half hours duration.
- ii. Theory question paper pattern: Attached herewith.

Practical Examination Pattern:

- A. Internal Examination: There will not be any internal examination/ evaluation for practicals.
- B. External (Semester end practical examination)

The students are required to present a duly certified journal for appearing at the practical examination, failing which they will not be allowed to appear for the examination. In case of loss of Journal and/ or Report, a Lost Certificate should be obtained from Head of theDepartment/ Co-ordinator of the department; failing which the student will not be allowed to appear for the practical examination.

Overall Examination and Marks Distribution Pattern for Semester V

Course	PAPER I		
	Internal External Total		
Theory	40	60	100
Practicals	-	100	100

Overall Examination and Marks Distribution Pattern for Semester VI

Course	PAPER II		
	Internal External To		Total
Theory	40	60	100
Practicals	-	100	100

T.Y.B.Sc. Applied Component –Horticulture Syllabus Credit Based and Grading System To be implemented from the Academic year 2018-2019

Course Code	UNIT	TOPICS	Credits	L / Week
SIUSACHOR51	<u>HORTI</u>	<u>CULTURE & GARDENING – I</u>	4	8
	I	INTRODUCTION TO HORTICULTURE		1
	II	PROPAGATION PRACTICES		1
	III	MANURES, FERTILIZERS AND DISEASES	2	1
	IV	GARDEN OPERATIONS FOR HORTICULTURE		1
SIUSACHORP51	Practicals based on all courses in theory		2	4

SEMESTER V

SEMESTER VI

Course Code	UNIT	TOPICS	Credits	L / Week
	<u>H0</u>	<u> RTICULTURE & GARDENING - II</u>	4	8
	Ι	LANDSCAPE GARDENING		1
	II	HORTICULTURE PRODUCE		1
SIUSACHOR62	III	COMMERCIAL PRODUCTION	2	1
	IV	POST HARVEST TECHNOLOGY & ENTREPRENEURSHIP IN HORTICULTURE		1
SIUSACHORP62	2 Practicals based on all courses in theory		2	4

Course Code	Title	Credits
SIUSACHOR51	HORTICULTURE AND GARDENING – I	2 Credits (60 lectures)
	HORTICULTURE AND GARDENING – I	
LEARNING OBJE	CTIVES	
 Introduction 	to various branches of horticulture, Horticultural research and	training
institutes and	l schemes for strategy plantations.	
✤ Learn differe	nt propagation practices, manures, fertilizers, pests and diseas	es and garden
operations co	ommercially used in horticulture.	
CIA-Class Test (2	0M)+ Assignment/ Case Study/ Presentation (15M) + Class Participa	tion (5M)
 Horticu Branche Gardenin Allied b Horticu grapes, Central I Horticul 	DUCTION TO HORTICULTURE Iture: Definition and Objectives es of Horticulture: Pomology, Olericulture, Landscape ng. ranches of Horticulture: Apiculture and Sericulture. Iture Research Institutes: National Research Centre for Pune, Horticulture Training Centre (H.T.C.) – Talegaon, Potato Tuber Research Institute (CPTRI) – Shimla. ture as Career &Horticultural Consultancy Plantation– Lakhibaug Yojana	15L
 By Seed Advanta Producti Transpla diseases By spect Bulbs, T Suckers. Artificia Cu PG La Tij Gr 	ges and disadvantages, method of seed propagation, on of seeds, Handling, Collection and Storage Sowing, anting of seedlings and Hardening, Seed treatment to control Seedling diseases and their control. alized Vegetative structures ubers, Corms, Rhizomes, Root stock, Runners, Offsets and	15L

 Budding - Definition advantages and disadvantages. Types: T-budding, shield, patch, ring budding. Developing new varieties: Technique of Emasculation and bagging, role of polyploidy n production of seedless varieties in plants. Application of Tissue Culture in relation to Horticulture <u>UNIT 3: MANURES, FERTILIZERS AND DISEASES</u> Manures: Definition, importance, important manures FYM(compost), oilcakes, green manure, organic manures and vermicompost. Fertilizers: Definition, Types – Straight, Compound and mixed.Nitrogenous (NH4)2SO4, Urea, Phosphatic (Superphosphate, Bone meal), Potassic (Muriate of potash, K2SO4), Advantages and disadvantages Biofertilizers: Bacteria, Cyanobacteria, Mycorrhiza, Sea weeds. Diseases: Horticultural plant diseases and their control. Fungal 	15L
 diseases-Rust, Smut, Powdery mildew. Bacterial – Citrus canker, Bacterial wilt. Viral – TMV, Leaf curl. Pests: Common pests on horticultural crops – Aphids, beetle, stem 	
 borer,caterpillars and rats. Friends of farmers: Earthworms and Snakes. 	
 UNIT 4: GARDEN OPERATIONS FOR HORTICULTURE Preparation of site for garden Mulching, Top-dressing, Blanching Sowing, Transplanting, Harvesting Weeding, Pruning. Fertilizer application Pest and disease management Water management – Irrigation (Overhead, Surface, Underground)and conservation through horticulture Soil-less cultivation 	15L

SEMESTER V PRACTICALS

Course Code	Title	Credits		
SIUSACHORP51	HORTICULTURE PRACTICALS	2 Credits		
1	Garden implements and their uses.			
2	Different types of pots & Potting media. P	otting and repotting		
3	Propagation practices by seed, Vegetative	propagation, cutting, layering,		
	budding and grafting.			
4	Identification of the following:			
	 Fertilizers: Identification of Urea, Potassium sulphate, super phosph methods. 			
	 Manures: Identification of plants a Crotolaria,Leucaena. 	as green manure – <i>Glyricidia,</i>		
	Biofertilizers – Identification of No.	ostoc, Rhizobium and VAM.		
5	Testing of pH of Soil and water and checking electrical conductivity of water.			
6	Use of soil testing Kit and liquid fertilizers	;		
7	Identification of Diseases and Pests:			
	• Fungal diseases: Powdery mildew, Rust, Wilt, Blight and Smut.			
	Bacterial diseases: Canker and Wilt.			
	• Viral diseases: Leaf curl, Yellow Vein Mosaic.			
	• Insect-pests: Sucking, Biting, Chewing, Borers & Ants.			
	• Non Insects-pests: Nematodes an	d Rodents.		
8	Study of the following Natural insecticide	5:		
	Neem Arka			
	Dashparni Arka			
	Seetaphal Powder			
	Tobacco Extract			
Project Presentation: Each student should individually perform, submit a report and				
present a ppt on a topic related to Horticulture. The report should be duly certified by the				
teacher in-charge and presented. Project presentation is compulsory.				
Journal & Field Report: Presentation of duly certified Journal and Field report of the visit				
to Garden, Parks	, Nurseries, Exhibitions, Horticulture ind	ustries or Research Station is		

compulsory.

SEMESTER VI - HORTICULTURE AND GARDENING - II

Course Code	Title	Credits
SIUSACHOR62	HORTICULTURE AND GARDENING - II	2 Credits (60 lectures)
LEARNING OBJI	ECTIVES	
 Introduction 	to various types and styles of gardens and important garden	i features.
✤ Learn about	high-tech horticultural productions and commercial cultivat	ion of
horticultural	produce.	
 Study of post 	-harvest technology and business management in horticultu	re.
CIA –Class Test (2	0M)+ Assignment/ Case Study/ Presentation (15M) + Class Partic	ipation (5M)
 Indoor g Important Flower be Lawn: Put 	APE GARDENING ardens: Terrarium, Dish garden, hanging baskets, Bonsai. nt Garden features: Paths & Avenues, Hedges & Edges, ed, Arches & Pergolas, Rock garden. urpose, Preparation, Management and Lawn plant. gardens: Mughal, Buddhist, Vertical wall garden & Theme	15L
 Unit 2:HORTICI High-tech technolog systems. C Space gar Floricultu Soil and Economics Orchids. Propagatid delaying p Floral decomposition 	15L	

SEMESTER VI

Course Code	Title	Credits
SIUSACHOR62 HORTICULTURE AND GARDENING – II		2 Credits (60 lectures)
Commercial pr care, harvesti following: • Tuber: Po • Vegetable • Fruits: Ma • Spices & • • Medicina		15L
ENTREPRENEU Maturity methods Harvest: products Storage of Fruit & ve Marketin the marko Entrepre	THARVESTTECHNOLOGY& DEVELOPMENTOFRSHIP IN HORTICULTURE::Factorsused fordelaying ripening.Time of harvest, harvesting and handling of harvestedof fresh produce:Types of storage of fruits & vegetablesegetablespreservation technology.ng:grading, packing & transportation.Ways of increasingetvalue and shelf life of horticultural produce.eneurshipdefinition and nature.	15L

Course Code	Title	Credits	
SIUSACHORP62	HORTICULTURE PRACTICALS	2 Credits	
1	Preparation of garden layout		
2	Identification of 2 to 3 plants suitable for different garden locations		
3	Identification of the following important horticultural plants:		
	• Herbs – foliage any 2 and flowering any 2		
	 Shrubs – foliage any 2 flowering any 2 		
	• Trees – foliage any 2 and flowering any 2		
	• Climbers – any 2		
	• Lianas – any 2		
	• Epiphytes – any 2		
	• Creepers – any 2		
	• Trailers – any 2		
	• Aquaticplants – any 2 (preferably various habitat)		
	• Succulents – any 2		
	• Weeds – any 5		
4	Preparation of Flower arrangements:		
	• Indian style: Gajra, Veni, Garland,		
	Western style: Basket & paper bout table arrangement	iquets, torch type & centre	
	table arrangement	2222	
5	• Japanese style: Ikebana and Mori Preparation of Bonsai, Bottle Garden, Disl		
6	Preparation of Jams, Squashes, Syrups, Pie		
7	Preparation of Fruit & Vegetable carving a		
8	Identification of varieties of Tomato, Chill	1 1	
9			
9	Identification of following Green house plants with respect to their soil, temperature, irrigation, fertilizer requirements and propagation		
	methods:	unements une propugation	
	• Anthurium,		
	• Gerbera,		
	• Orchids,		
	• Tuberose,		
	Carnation,		
	• Roses,		
	Capsicum		
	Report:Presentation of duly certified Journ		
Field report of the visit to Garden, Parks, Nurseries, Exhibitions, Horticulture industries or			
Research Station	s compulsory.		

SIES COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE&COMMERCE

Sion (W), Mumbai-400 022

Fifth/Sixth Semester

Cla	ass: [Г.Y.B.Sc	Sub: Bota	ny	Paper: AC	
Da	y:	Date	:	Time:	Marks: 60	
N.I	3.:	1)	All questions are	Compulsory.		
		2)	Figures to the rig	ht indicate ma	arks.	
		3)	Draw neat labelle	d diagrams w	herever necessary.	
Q.1	a)	Unit I: Long answer	question	OR		(10)
	a)	Unit I: Long answer		(10)		
	b) i ii	Write note on <u>any o</u> Unit I Unit I	ne of the following:			(05)
Q.2	a)	Unit II: Long answe	r question	OR		(10)
	a)	Unit II: Long answe	r question			(10)
	b) i ii	Write note on <u>any o</u> Unit II Unit II	ne of the following:			(05)
Q.3	a)	Unit III: Long answe	er question			(10)
	a)	Unit III: Long answe	er question	OR		(10)
	b) i ii	Write note on <u>any o</u> Unit III Unit III	ne of the following:			(05)
Q.4	a)	Unit IV: Long answ	er question	OD		(10)
	a)	Unit IV: Long answ	er question	OR		(10)
	b) i ii	Write note on <u>any o</u> Unit IV Unit IV	ne of the following:		****	(05)

Practical Examination

TYBSc Applied Component – Horticulture and Gardening Semester V – SIUSACHORP51

Duration: 5 Hours	Maximum Marks: 100
Q1. Demonstrate the propagation techniques and	using specimens A and B . [20]
Q2. Identify the given fertilizers \mathbf{C} and \mathbf{D} with the help of physical and che	emical tests. [10]
Q3. Determine the pH / electrical conductivity of the given soil sample \mathbf{E} .	[08]
Comment on your observations.	
Q4. Identify and comment upon the given specimens F, G, H, I, J and K.	[24]
Q5. Field report.	[04]
Q6. Journal.	[05]
Q7. Viva – voce.	[04]
Q8. Project.	[25]

Keys:

A, B:	Any of the propagation techniques – potting, repotting, cutting, budding, grafting, layering.
C, D:	$Chemical\ fertilizers-Urea,\ ammonium\ sulphate,\ single\ superphysical subscript{tetrilizers} subscript{tetrilizers} and subscript{subscript{tetrilizers} and subscript{tetrilizers} and subscript{tetrilizers}$
E:	Soil sample.
F:	Garden implement.
G:	Manure.
H:	Biofertilizer.

- I: Horticultural plant disease.
- J: Horticultural plant pest (Insect / Non-insect)
- K: Natural insecticide.

Practical Examination

TYBSc Applied Component – Horticulture and Gardening Semester VI – SIUSACHORP61

Duration: 5 Hours

Maximum Marks: 100

Q1.	Prepare an appropriate garden plan for the given area A, which will include S	
two na	mes of plants for each location.	[16]
Q2. a.	Use the given material B to make a Terrarium / Dish Garden.	[05]
b.	Use the given material C to make a Bonsai / Hanging basket.	[05]
Q3.	Use the given material \mathbf{D} to create Indian / Western / Japanese flower arrangemen	t. [07]
Q4.	Use the given material \mathbf{E} to create biojewellery / fruit and vegetable carving.	[07]
Q5.	Prepare jam / pickle / squash / sauce from the given material using appropriate proportions.[15]	
Q6. a.	Identify the horticultural plants F, G, H and comment on their importance.	[12]
b.	Identify the commercial varieties I and J and comment on their significance.	[08]
c.	Identify the greenhouse plant \mathbf{K} and comment on its propagation and requirements	s. [05]
Q7.	Field report. [05]	
Q8.	Journal with organoleptic sheet.	[05]
Q9.	Viva voce.	[05]
Keys:		
A:	Private / Public garden plan	
B:	Dish garden / Terrarium	
C:	Bonsai / Hanging basket	
D:	Flowers and other required materials for any type of flower arrangement mentioned.	
E:	Fruits and vegetables and other requirements for biojewellery and carving.	
F, G, H	H: Horticultural plants	
I, J:	Commercial varieties	
K:	Greenhouse plant.	

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